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MONDAY 5 NOVEMBER 1979 JEDDAH 15 DHUL HIJJA 1399, A.H.

TWELVE PAGES - ONE RIYAL

Ling meets ix pilgrim elegations

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EDDAH, Nov. 4 (SPA) - King Khaled day received members of six pilgrim gations who came to thank him for Saudi bia's excellent preparations for this year's

he meetings were also attended by Crown ace Fahd and Special Adviser Dr. Rashad

The King also Sunday sent cables to an nian leader thanking him for his congratu-ons on the success of the pilgrimage. Delegations from Lebanon, Tunisia, eria, Indonesia, Pakistan and Malaysia e greeted by the King at the Royal Palace

The Lebanese mission was led by former mber of parliament Adnan Al-Hakim and companied by Lebanese Ambassador ar Al-Hassan

he Tunisian delegation, led by Chief -peals Judge Al-Hashemi Haider, was ompanied by Tunisian Ambassador

An Algerian mission headed by Muhamd Al-Ma'amoun Al-Khatemi, and accomnied by Ambassador Mahmoud Mustafa also received by the King.

The Indonesian delegation was lead by parneutary Majority Leader Amir Burtu and companied by Ambassador Muhammad ∴di Tayeb,

The Pakistani delegation, accompanied by nbassador Maj. Gen. Fazai Muqeem, was by Minister of Interior, Pilgrimage and dowments Muhammad Haroun.

. And the Malaysian mission was led by inister of Religious Affairs, Hajj and agfs Dato Hassan ibn Nasser and accom-... inied by Malaysian Ambassador Dato Sri aji Kamanuddin bin Haji Datin Sri

The King also sent a cable to a senior Irain religious leader, Ayatollah Abdullah irazi, thanking him for his congratulations the occasion of the Eid-al-Adha.

The Ayatollah was the most senior Iranian

ader to attend this year's pilgrimage. King Khaled in the cable said he prayed to iod to bestow glory and prosperity on the orld Islamic community and to help veryone serve his religion and the cause of

The King also received a cable from Berma · lahdi Jado, head of the pilgrimage delegaon from Chad, who thanked him for the arm welcome, bospitality and facilities stended to the pilgrims from Chad.



LEBANESE PILGRIMS: King Khaled Sunday receives leaders of the Lebanese pilgrim

Over PLO comments

Begin censures Burg

TEL AVIV, Nov. 4 (R) - Prime Minister Menahem Begin Sunday rebuffed a cabinet colleague for suggesting that Israel might one day establish contacts with the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO).

Cabinet sources said that during Sunday's regular meeting, members had complained about remarks by Interior Minister Yosef Burg who said he believed Israel could negotiate with the PLO if that body changed its basic attitudes towards the Jewisb state.

The sources said Begin called on cabinet ministers to stand by Israel's official pledge never to negotiate with the PLO.

Burg said after returning last week from negotiations on Palestinian autonomy in Londoo: "If the PLO were to drop the clause in its charter which calls for the destruction of Israel and stop its terror activity for two or three years, then I will believe that there is a change, and a change calls for another

... Then the PLO will not be the same PLO and in two to three years I personally think Israel could certainly talk to them," said Burg, leader of the Religious Party and usually noted for bis hardline views on the Israeli-Arab conflict.

Burg's remarks surprised political observers here. Israeli governments have for years ruled out the possibility of talks with the

The statement bore special significance coming from Burg whose party has been the champion of the idea that Jews bave a divine right over the occupied West Bank of the River Jordan.

'Within 90 days'

Young sees Israel-PLO talks

CHICAGO, Nov. 4 (AP) - Former U.S. United Nations Ambassador Andrew Young has predicted that Israel and the Palestine Eiberation Organization would begin talks within 90 days, bombing of South Lebanon will end and the Palestinians will recognize Israel's right to exist.

With this will come peace in the Middle East, Young told a large audience at the Rev. Jesse Jackson's Operation PUSH beadquar-

ters here Saturday.
The former U.N. diplomat said that if his predictions proved true, much of the credit would go to Jackson for his controversial visit to the Middle East in September to make overtures to the PLO.

"I base my predictions on my instincts, reports of rifts in the area, and domestic

Young, who resigned as envoy at the U.N. earlier this year over an "unauthorized" meeting with the PLO's observer there; said , he had no special information to lead him to his predictions.

But when I did have it, my instincts were the most reliable. I would not be surprised if talks at some level between Israel and Pales-tine are now in progress. There can be no progress for Israelis and Americans unless Palestinians are included," be said.

Recognition of Palestinian rights and of

Israel's security needs are necessities in any settlement, he added. "The sympathy with Israel because of

Palestinian 'terrorists' is now shifting. The bombing in Lebanon has more than anything else stirred up Americans," he said.

After handshake Arafat hopes Brzezinski stays in post

LISBON, Nov. 4 (Agencies) - Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO) chairman Yasser Arafat, winding up a two-day visir at an Arab and Palestinian conference here Saturday said he and U.S. National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski spoke together briefly at reception in Algiers earlier in the

The PLO leader was speaking at a press conference after meeting with top Portuguese officials and addressing the opening session of the World Conference in Solidarity with the Arab People and Palesune.

Both Arafat and Brzezinski were in Algeria for celebrations marking the 25th anniversary of Algeria's revolution against France. The two were also at the same hotel.

"We were guests. He | Brzezinski) entered. among other people. He spoke to me kindly and I said, I hope you won t lose your job like Andrew Young," Arafat said when asked on the meeting in the Algerian capital last Wednesday. On Friday rhe PLO head, a 50-year-old

engineer, met with Portuguese President Antonio Ramalho Eanes and Prime Minister Maria de Lourdes Pintassilgo and was given a lunch by Foreign Minister Joan Freitas Cruz. Pintassilgo and Communist Party leaders Mario Soares and Alvaro Cunhil visited Arafat at his hotel suite earlier in the day.

In his speech at the conference's opening. Arafat characterized the situation in the Middle East as explosive and warned that international efforts to bring the PLO into negotiations must be made.

The conference's 600 delegates, from 80 countries, began group discussions of Israeli policy in occupied Arab lands.

In the interview with the Portuguese Communist daily O Diario, Arafat said all all inces outside the non-aligned movement, of which the PLO is a full member, were do med to failure, including the pact belwe a Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin ar Egyptian President Sadat.

h "That have a hoppened to the Centos Central Treaty Organization) pact after the great Iranian revolution which deposed the Shah," Arafat said. "Sadat is another Shah and he will end up the same way."

Speaking at a rally organized by the con-ference in Lisbon's sports pavilion early Sunday, Arafat thanked the Portuguese people for their support. He praised Portugal for promoting self-determination in Africa after the 1974 revolution which ended half a century of right-wing dictatorship.

In his interview with O Diario, Arafat also said the PLO was engaged in a powerful dip-

lomatic offensive which was beginning to produce results. CIA report says

Tehran protestors hold U.S. hostages for Shah's return

Department confirmed Sunday that the U.S. embassy in Tehran had been occupied by demonstrators, but said there was no indication that any staff were injured.

A spokesman for the department said: We are in touch with Iranian authorities... We have no further comment at this moment." But inside the State Department, office lights were visible early in the morning as a special task force of Middle East experts was set up to deal with the situation.

The task force was headed by Assistant Secretary of State Harold Saunders, a top official in Middle East affairs.

In Tebran, the demonstrators demanded that the former Shab he sent back from the United States. They said they had taken 100 persons hostage, including a large number of Americans. But the official Pars news agency said the hostages taken were 33 men and five women and said they were all Americans. Witnesses said a number of people who

invaded the embassy grounds were heavily armed although there were no reports of clashes. They said several U.S. marines were taken hostage after throwing rear gas cannisters at the crowd.

Iranian staff, released one by one by the students, said the Americans were being held blindfolded in the cellar of the main embassy building. A student statement read over loudspeakers set up in the embassy compound said the students had so far avoided violence and did not intend to harm the hos-

The attack on the embassy followed a series of increasingly strong attacks on the United States by revolutionary leader Ayatollah Khomeini, Local newspapers and associations have joined the attacks and demanded that the United States extradite the deposed Shah, now undergoing medical treatment in New York.

The students set up a banner on the embassy gate identifying themselves as Muslim Students Supporting the Ayatollah.

The Muslim students, followers of the Imam (Khomeini), occupy this building because of the atrocities of the United

States," the banner said. Big pictures of Khomeini were posted up around the embassy compound. The state radio broadcast a statement by the students in which they demanded the Shah's extradition.

It also said that "U.S. imperialism... is plotting against us." Witnesses said the students, sbouting "Allah-o-Akbar" (God Is Great). had broken away from a march of tens of thousands called to mark the first anniversary of the shooting of students by the Shah's security forces.

Shortly after the February revolution, the U.S. embassy was invaded by revolutionary groups and came under heavy fire, although no one was injured. The revolutionaries eventually evacuated the building on the orders of the Tehran central committee.

Western diplomats said that U.S. charge d'affires Bruce Laingen, who heads the American mission here, was not in the embassy at the time of Sunday's attack.

Diplomat said abducted

Iraq hits raid ga Tehran office

BEIRUT, Nov. 4(AP) - Iraq has lodged a strong protest with Iran over what the official Baghdad radio described Sunday as a premeditated attack on the Iraqi embassy in Tebran and the abduction of an Iraqi diplomat.

The government of President Saddam Hussein, also denounced "the attack on our consulate" at the city of Mohammara in east-

"A clique calling itself the revolutionary guard attacked the embassy and the consulate, broke windows and took one (Iraqi) dip-lomat along with three others to an unknown place. the radio charged. Quoting a foreign ministry official, the

broadcast demanded an "immediate halt to this harassment which can only strain rela-It said the attacks and abductions took

place Saturday morning. The radio did not mention the identity of the three consulate employees who it said were taken away along with the diplomat by the Iranian raid-

The foreign ministry in Baghdad summoned the Iranian ambassador and handed him the protest, the radio added.





STARVATION: Sick and hungry children of the village of Laga in East Timor photographed by an Australian newsman who claimed 100,000 persons have died there since 1975 either as direct casualties of the fighting or from starvation.

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7% higher than 1978

Pakistanis remit \$1.5b

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 4 (SPA) - Pakistanis working abroad bave sent more than \$ 1.5 billion home so far this year, already exceeding the \$ 1.4 billion remitted in 1978, the Pakistan Times reported Sun-

The figure was more than seven per cent higher than that recorded last year, with two more months to go before the year is out. The newspaper said that 80 per cent of the money comes from Pakistanis working in Saudi Arabia and Gulf states, and the remaining 20 per cent comes from those working in Europe, particularly

It said that remittances by Pakistanis working abroad had doubled over the past five years. Pay sent home by the workers is an important source of foreign exchange for Pakistan.

Don't blame Soviets for disruption of oil WASHINGTON, Nov. 4(AP) - Don't blame the Soviet Union for

oil-export disruptions in Iran and elsewhere around the world, CIA analysts have told U.S. Congress. The Soviets themselves would suffer in the long run, from such disruptions, the analysts said. "Any disruption would increase the price they would have to pay," a

House intelligence subcommittee was told by Maurice Ernst, director of the Ceotral Intelligence Agency's office of economic research. He made his comments in a closed-door meeting Oct. 17. and a transcript of most of the proceedings was released Sunday by Rep. Les Aspin, Democrat-Wisconsin. Ernst told the subcommittee that Soviet oil production likely would

'peak this year or next" and then start declining. And he added, "the Soviets are faced with a labor problem, a productivity problem and an energy problem, at the same time." In such a situation, he said, it is unlikely Soviet leaders would encourage disruption of oil production in any of the oil producing and expon-

ing countries — or encourage anything else that would raise prices — since that "would make their problem worse."

More likely, Ernst said, OPEC "increases in price result primarily from a limitation in production" by nations deciding that their own

best interest calls for "stretching out their reserves over long periods." The most significant recent export disruption came last year when the Shah of Iran was overthrown. The CIA analysts said that was not the Soviet's doing, "I don't think the Khomeini government in any way was a result of Soviet action," said John Eckland, chief of the CIA's petroleum supply analysis

Challenged on that point by Rep. John Ashbrook, Republican-Ohio, Eckland replied,"the Soviets bave been the biggest losers in the

short term from the cutoff of energy in Iran. "Some 10 million Soviets were living in cold in the south Caucuses last winter because they couldn't have natural gas because of the upheaval," he said. "They are still only getting half the deliveries that were under the long term contract to them from Iran.

Ernst met open skepticism from Ashbrook when he said, "so far the Soviets simply do not have the control over the oil-producing countries that would enable them to reduce or to affect the oil supplies, even if He acknowledged that the future Soviet role concerning" the politi-

cal stabilities of the countries in that area ... is something you bave to Earthquake kills 18 in West Java

earthquake killed at least 18 per- Saturday. sons in west Java and local officials said Sunday the death toll was

been rushed to shattered villages

JAKARTA, Nov. 4 (R) - where more man 100 persons Shock waves from an undersea were injured in a series of tremors

But local officials feared the death toll could prove to be higher once communications were Food and medical supplies have restored with other setrlements along the coast.

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Minister thanks Khaled for help over Pilgrimage

Mioister of Pilgrimage aod Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie has sent King Khaled a cable thanking him for his support for the manage-

ment of the Pilgrimage. He said that this year people had made the Pilgrimage without difficulty and in comfort through the grace of God and the efforts of the authorities carrying out the King's instructions for the Pil-

grimage. Sheikh Abdul Wahab said that his ministry's endeavors had

OIC head back today By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 4 - The outgoing secretary-general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, Dr. Amadou Karim Gaye, returns to Jeddah Monday. He is expected to start making preparations for his departare.

His successor, Habib Chatti of Tunisia, is due in the middle of the

Gaye had been on holiday ahroad after attending the United Nations General Assembly att sion in New York. Before the session, Chatti was elected to his post by a meeting of foreign ministers of Islamic states.

Gaye's term officially expires at the end of December.

The OIC's general secretariat here is meanwhile being given a face-lift. Workmen are putting the finishing touches to renovations of the huilding, on Mecca Road.

differences between pilgrims and their mutawifin. or guides.

He thanked King Khaled on behalf of his ministry, and said that Pilgrimage delegations he had met had asked him to inform the King of their gratitude aod appreciation.

Sheikh Abdul Wahab sent a similar cable to Crown Prince Fahd. He also told him of the thanks given by Pilgrimage deleg-

Saturday, Deputy Interior Minister Prince Ahmad thanked the men of the Public Security who helped this year's Pilgrimage, under the command of Gea. Payer Al-Awfi.

In a statement broadcast over Public Security communications channels, Prince Ahmad said that everyone had praised the success of this year's operations. The efforts of Public Security men had provided an excellent atmosphere of security for the Pilgrimage, and much easier.

He wished them success in their

Awfi sent a cable in reply to Prince Ahmad, expressing his pleasure at the prince's appreciation and saying that the success of the Pilgrimage had been a result of those in authority cooperating tirelessly and with great uncelfish-

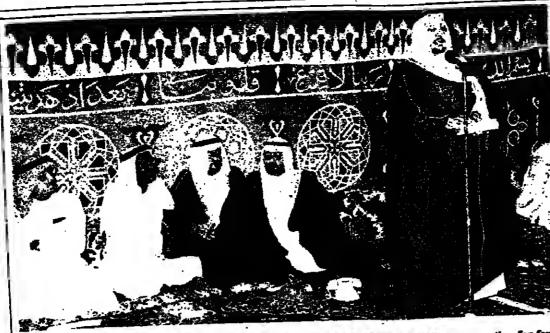
Universities, schools and government departmeots get back to work Tuesday after the Pilgrimage and the Eid Al-Adha hohday, as ordered by the Council of Ministers and the Public Personnel Bureau, Banks opeo Monday.

WEATHER

It will be moderate during the day and fine at night. Cloud will cover the northern region, western and south-western highlands, Winds will be southerly to south-easterly and moderate to active. causing occasional sand haze in the northern and central regions, Seas will be moderate to light.

Sunday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca Jeddah Riyadh Dhahran Medina	36 33 34 35 33	26 23 18 22 19	Jizan Wajh Turaif Arar Sulayyel	34 26 29 22 23 11 23 14 33 13 24 10	
Taif	29	15	Abha	24 10	





RECEPTION: Minister of Information Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani is host at a reception for foreign press, radio and television teams covering the Pilgrimage. On the left, be addresses the gathering, and an inright listens to a speech by one of the guests.

Better milk yields found

Texans sell Kingdom Jerseys

HOUSTON, Nov. 4 - Two Saudi Arabian farms have bought Jersey cattle from Texas ranches. One farm, Sanabel, bought 60 head last year to start a Jersey breed registration organization in the Kingdom. The farm is 40 miles outside Riyadh.

The cattle for Sanabel were selected for uniformity of marking and type by Ed Havran, the general manager of the Texas Jersey Cattle Club. Established in the club is the oldest purebad ihr stock breed association in the state.

Another Saudi Arabian dairy, the Haradh Agriculture and Animal Productioo Co., bought 90

Jersey cows and 95 Holsteins from Saudi Agricultural Enterprises Inc. One of the owners of SAE Inc. is Pearson Knolle, who has a separate dairy operation in San-

Although Knolle only raises Jersey cattle in Sandia, he sent both Jersey and Holstein cattle to The wife Holstoine have brend used longer in Saudi Arabia than other

However, the Jersey is better adapted to the hot climate. Holsteins come from colder climates, and do not generally do well where it is not, says Mrs. Knode.

Although in normal conditions Jersey cows yield less milk than Holsteins, they do it on less feed.

Chinese hospital staff start arriving in Hofuf

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 4 — A total of 393 medical and technical staff are to arrive bere from Taipei over the oext three weeks to start work in the Kingdom's public hospitals.

The Nationalist Chinese emhassy said in a statement Sunday that the first group, of 56 people, arrived Saturday to work in a clinic in Hofuf. It is led by Hsu

Chang Chih-kang, deputy director-general of the National Health Administration, gave a reception in Taipei for the doctors, nurses and administrative

Members of the Chinese Medical Service Missioo to work at Saudi Arahian clinics were selected from National Taiwan

University Hospital and Taipei City Hospital. Of the five oew hospitals the Health Ministry is building, the Chinese will work in Hofuf and in

Jeddah, Chang said. China sent a mission to Saudi Arabia in January for a factfinding visit, and a Chinese medical advisory group went to Saudi Arahia in May to work out details' of the secondments.

and less water content than Holstein milk. The Jerseys are doing three times as well as than the Holsteins in the Kingdom, she

Because of the high price of cattle in the United States the Knolles are looking in Europe for more cows to send to Haradh. They expect slowly to build up the head

to about 2,500 head. It was meanwhile reported in Jeddah that a South Korean farm expert has successfully carried out

experiments on growing veget-able in the Kin-tiom's deserts. The Korean, Kim Yung, who conducted his experiment at Mansourah near Riyadh, carried out extensive studies on the Kingdom's soil before coming here.

During his experiments, he said, he found that the soil in Saodi Arabian deserts differed from that in other deserts, since underground water lay very close to the surface. He used the chicken mannure as fertilizer.

Yung encountered some problems of the enormous variation in temperatures between night and day, hut he was able to cootrol temperatures according to the needs of his farms, he said.

Another difficulty he faced was that of pollination, due to the absence of such insects as butterflies or bees in the desert. He tried to transfer the polleo through a very soft brush, similar to that used by artists, and the experiment proved a success, he said.

As town prepares for King SR 286m set for Yanbu compensation

JEDDAH, Nov. 4 — Over SR Meanwhile, the town's main 286.5 million has been set aside as street in bullic decorated with compensation for expropriation of triumphal arches and other property for development in

It was reported Sunday that the town's projects for the Third Five-year Plan have been submitted to the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs for approval.

The plan consists of the establisancat of several public facilities as well as the immediate improvement of roads.

Khaled for the unveiling of the memorial plaque at the planned industrial complex in two weeks. It was also reported that the 150-kilometer Yanbu to Umlaj road is to be opened in the near

In Umlaj itself, a local firm is to undertake the asphalting and illumination of a number of roads.

ing the unmained him ma-awarded a contract for the beginning from the Yasha entry point to the end of Wary.
Umlaj road; King Abdul Age
Road; Yarmuk Road and Harm

oad. The mayor added that his proects include the asphalting and lighting of roads and areas the construction of water distributed as the construction of water distributed as the construction of the cons promenades and sewage sy



SEMINAR: Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie chans seminar that gathered prominent pilgrims to discuss the plight of Jerusalem,

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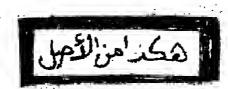
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umbneus Middle East

War with Morocco imminent, says Algerian énvoy

KUWAIT, Nov. 4 (Agencies) — An Algerian diplomat has warned that the Carter administration's decision to equip Moroccan forces will precipitate a shooting war with Algeria over the Western Sahara dispute, the newspaper Al Qabas reported Sunday.

"War between us and Morocco is imminent," the paper quoted Algeria's Ambassador to Kuwait, Abou Aliam Balsayeb, as saying.

He said that Morocco was becoming bostile "following its acquisition of new American weapons."

Algeria continues to support the Polisario guerrillas in their fight for independence of the disputed Sahara territory.

Balsayeh urged the Arab governments to exert "new efforts and bring the Polisario and Morocco to the negotiating table" with Algeria.



Gen. Zia Ul-Haq



country he has never seen, shown during a training session at the Chatilla camp in Beirat Thursday.

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Zia tightening grip in Pakistan

ISLAMABAD, Nnv. 4 (OFNS) - Pakislan remains outwardly calm despite the dramaticevents of the past few weeks, which saw the intensification of the martial law regulations, the dissolving of all political parties, the indefinite postponement of elections and the introduction of press censorship.

There are plenty of volatile countries in the world where any one of these measures would have brought the masses on to the streets rioting and demonstrating, but not here. And there are probably twn reasons: the swift move by Gen. Zia Ul-Haq's military regime in rounding up any potential troublemakers, notably leaders of the executed Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's People's Party, and several swift floggings of people found guilty of crimes under the martial law

Thus not only had those who might have organized trouble on the streets been put out of the way, hut those who might have been tempted to take matters into their own hands have seen what happened to anyone who might have risked committing serious offenses.

Zia made it perfectly clear in his long awaited speech to the nation on Oci, 16 that the martial law authorities would not tolerate anything which went against Islamic ideology or threatened the integrity

He said that he was fed up with the antics of the political parties. They bad made contradictory demands about conditions for holding the elections, and these were irreconcilable. He said he could see no stable government emerging if the elections went abead, and therefore they were put off indefinitely.

It was clear from the word 'go' that Zia was determined at all costs to keep the People's Party - the largest - out of the race, and some other prominent ones like the National Democratic Party and the Pakistan National Alliance, as well.

Zia had to assert bis authority in no uncertain manner. Obviously if there was going to be any trouble, it was most likely to come from the People's Party leaders and their supporters. Within hours of his announcement, Begum Bbutto and her daughter Benazir, were served with detention orders.

The next day Gen. Tikka Khan was held at Rawalpindi airport and taken to his home and all the provincial leaders of the party were either put under house arrest or jailed for a three-month period. Mobile military courts were set up to hand out on-the-spot sen-

tences, and several people were flogged in public for crimes such as hoarding essential commodities and trading on the black market. Press censorship began, some newspapers were banned and their offices and presses sealed. The editor of a newspaper still in business said: "Where do we go from here?"

How long will the present situation continue? That is anyone's guess, but there is a feeling that in a few months time Zia might find way of appointing some sort of national government, perhaps himself quit the army and devote his entire time to being president.

Afghan minister denies the spot mar \$32 a barrel. rift with Soviet Union tan, which amounted to about \$10

million a year, was later halted,

although a small part was still com-

Moscow had rescheduled

repayments of loans to Afghanis-

tan, provided 100,000 tons of

wheat free of cost and given vital

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (R) -Afghan Foreign Minister Shah Wali denied in an interview published Sunday that there were differences between his country and the Soviet Union.

"We have friendly, brotherly relations with the Soviet Union and they are being strengthened day by day," he told the United News of India. He also said Afghanistan sought good relations with the United States.

Middle Eastern, Asian and Western diplomats in Kabul have said discord between President Hafizullah Amin and Moscow could threaten Amin's six-weekold government.

month the Afgban government had demanded the recall of Soviet Ambassador Alexander Pusanov. But Wali, who is deputy premier, said it was absolutely wrong to say there were differences between the two countries.

Wali said Afghanistan wanted good political relations with the U.S., but Washington "seems to be unwilling to assist us."

Wali said U.S. aid to Afghanis-Ethiopia,

Djibouti discuss Horn

LONDON, Nov. 4 (R) Soviet-backed Ethiopia - and neighboring Djibouti have beld talks on matters of common interest in the Horn of Africa and agreed to strengthen their relations and cooperation, Addts Ababa Radio bas said. The radio, monitored in Lon-

don, said Ethiopian Interior Minister Commander Lema Gutem visited Djibouti at the end of last month at the invitation of the country's Interior Minister Idriss Farab Abaneh.

Citing a joint communique issued after the talks the radio said both parties were completely satisfied with their identical stands on matters relating to the region's peace and security.

They also examined ways of further strengthening relations between their two countries in the fields of trade, transport, communications, tourism and technical knowledge, it added.

Yadin leaves hospital after heart attack

TEL AVIV, Nov. 4 (AP) Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin was released from hospital over the weekend, after treatment for a mild heart attack be suffered Oct. 17.

Doctors instructed Yadin, 62. to rest an additional three weeks before returning to full political activity. Yadin returned bome Saturday night.

While in hospital, Yadin was offered the post of foreign minister left vacant by Moshe Dayan, who quit over policy differences. Yadin turned down the offer, citing disagreement with the government's position on the occupied West Bank.



MEETS CHADLI: U.S. National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski with Algerian President Benjedid Chadli after their one-hour meeting Friday at Algiers Aurassi Hotel. Brzezinski represented the United States at celebrations marking the 25th anniversary of Algeria's war for independence.

Weizman in Cairo for oil talks

CAIRO, Nov. 4 (R) - Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman arrived Sunday for talks on Israel's purchases of oil from Sinai fields which would be returned to Egypt later this month under the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty signed last March.

Weizman told reporters at the airport; "We have some problems concerning oil which I will discuss here." He declined to give details. Egypt bas agreed in principle to

sell Israel oil from Sinai, but the two countries have not agreed on the price. Israel wants to buy the oil at the

ceiling price fixed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) of \$23.50 a barrel but Egypt offers to sell at the spot market price of at least Weizman, who was here about

question of Egypt supplying oil to Israel from Alma oilfields had not Later Sunday Weizman held talks with Premier Mustapha

10 days ago, told an Israeli cabinet

meeting oo Thursday that the

Khalil and Defense Minister Gen. Kamal Hassan Ali. He was expected to meet Presi-

dent Anwar Sadat Monday.

Washington Burean WASHINGTON, Nov. 4 — Bedouins of the Negev Desert in Israel have threatened to use force to resist the government's plans to

Negev Bedouins to resist

Israel's eviction plans

expel them from their land, one of their prominent spokesmen said In an interview with Arab News, Nouri Al-Aqoubi, secretary of

the Negev Bedouin Committee, said the Israeli decision to evict his people to allow military airfields to be built in the desert has hardened Bedouin attitudes against the Jewish state. Israel plans to use U.S. aid to build the airfields to replace air bases which it will evacuate in the Sinai under the terms of the Egyptian-

Israeli peace treaty. Under a law approved recently by the Israeli government, it can confiscate Bedouin lands for the airfields, and the Bedouins are

denied access to the Israeli Supreme Court to oppose the land seiz-Al-Aqoubi said the Bedouins of the Negev do not necessarily

oppose construction of the airfields in the desert, but stress that such projects must not be undertaken at the expense of the 45,000 Bedouins living in the desert.

He said Bedouins in Israel are planning to march in protest against the law from the Negev to the Israeli parliament building, after which they will stage a hunger strike at the Al-Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem.





Sightsees in Venice

Iua again blasts Soviets Hegemonism is provoking

ENICE, Nov. 4 (R) — Chin-Communist Party Chairman Premier Hua Guofeng arrived Venice's Marco Polo Airport day for a one-day sightseeing

from the airport he was ferried small motorboat to St. Mark's nare, where the city's Socialist yor, Mario Rigo, was waiting to et him where the doges (dukes) ed to greet foreign visitors at the ight of the Venetian Republic. Hua's program included an hihit on the Grand Canal, a visit the glassworks on nearby urano Island and a gala evening scheduled to he taken to any

Soviet Union Saturday night, warning Western Europe of a dangerous military confrontation.

his ftalian hosts that "hegemonism is committing itself to global expansion." The Chinese leader has used "hegemonism" throughout his West European tour to sig-

Island, far from any land.

NASA based its estimate on the

fact that Pegasus failed to make its

expected 1.20 EST (2120 GMT)

showing over the Ascension track-

But as no sightings were

reported, officials said they could

only estimate that the satellite

came down shortly after this time

along a 2,500 kilometer loog, 100

kilometer wide path along the

Its anti-climactic ending con-

trasted with the fiery show which

Skylah, seven times higger, gave

when it scattered over Australia,

causing no damage hut setting off

Only about 1040 kilograms of

Pegasus 2 was expected to survive

after hitting the atmosphere. As it

probably sank quickly in the

ocean, it seemed unlikely any

brought it down over Latin

America, the southern United

States, Australia or other land

Pegasus 2 was launched in 1965

to determine how much of a

hazard meteoroids would pose to

Once in orbit above the earth,

Pegasus deployed two wing-like

arms. Thin aluminum patches oo

the arms electronically recorded

re-entered the atmosphere in

1978 over Africa, and Pegasus 3

fell out of orbit over tthe Pacific

the penetrations of meteoroids,

transmitted back to earth.

satellite were ever found.

a hig souvenir hunt.

would be recovered.

manned spacecraft.

Pegasus disappears ver South Atlantic tered northwest of Ascension

ing station.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4 gencies) — The remains of the S. spacecraft Pegasus 2 have appeared without trace into the uth Atlantic Ocean.

A spokeswoman for the ttional Aeronaudes and Space dministration [NASA] said inday anything left of the 10,430 logram craft after it crashed rough the earth's atmosphere turday had presumably scat-

)acko arrests najor opponent

BANGUI, Nov. 4 [R) - Cenil African troops have arrested rmer Premier Ange Patasse, a y opponent of President David cko. Sources close to the govern-

ent said, Saturday that Patasse is caught at Kabo near the borr vith Chad after a hig manhunt wing helicopters. Entasse, prime minister under

ieposed dictator Jean-Bedel 'assa, returned to the Central frican Republic Oct. 4 to try to ersuade Dacko to share power

ith opposition groups.
But negotiations failed two eeks ago and Patasse was placed nder house arrest.

The soorces said Patasse was cought hack to the capital of angui Saturday.

Three days ago Dacko accused atasse of inciting the population riot. His house in Baogui had arlier been blown up hy troops. Although he once served under okassa, at the time of the rench-hacked coup which topled the dictator Sept. 20 Patasse as leading an opposition group in

But the Chinese leader was not

conflicts and causing tumults in many regions," he told Italian places connected with Marco Prime Minister Francesco Cossiga. West Europe is faced with a Polo, the Venetian adventurer who was the first European to visit military threat on both its south-China more than 700 years ago. ern and northern flanks." Hua strongly attacked the

He used a banquet speech to tell

ernment was not upset by Hua's Wherever you go, you will feel around you the warm regard and friendly interest of Italians," he told the Chinese leader.

Economic cooperation and world affairs dominated three hours of talks Saturady between the two premiers. There was no mention of poss-

ftaly's public position is that it

has never encouraged China in its

anti-Soviet stance, but while Cos-

siga's reply avoided controversy,

the unusually cordial tone of his

speech iodicated the ftalian gov-

ible Italian arms sales to China, which might be seen as a further rehuff to the Soviet Union.

But the topic is likely to figure in a further round of talks Tuesday.

A government spokesman said Hua aonounced at the meeting that China intended to take its seat for the first time at next year's Geneva disarmament conference. While Hua relaxed Sunday in Venice, his delegacion was to travel to different parts of Italy.

One half, led by Foreign Minister Huang Hua, was to go to San Marino, the tiny republic in eastcentral Italy which boasts West Europe's only Communist-led U.K. defends touchy stand



in Paris Friday. Jacques Mesrine was ambushed by police and cut down by a hall of gunfire. His woman companion was seriously wounded.

Klansmen detained

Four killed in U.S. racial clash GREENSBORO. North to have fired hack at their assail- out and face the wrath of the peo-

Carolina, Nov. 4 (Agencies) -Police questioned several suspected members of the racist Ku Klux Klan organization Sunday after the killings of four people during an anti-Klan march here.

At least 10 people, including a woman who was eight months pregnant, were wounded when shooting broke out during the march sponsored by a small pro-Communist group.

Police arrested 14 people in connection with the gunhattle, among them demonstrators said

· The shooting started when a car and a van loaded with white men drove up to the area where about 100 hlacks and whites were

gathered for the rally, and the whites began shouting racial Witnesses said at least one man jumped out of the van, hrandishiog an automatic or semiautomatic weapon. The shooting

hroke out after demonstrators started pounding on the vehicles, witnesses said. "The first thing that happened, I saw this Klansmao waving his gun. The next thing we knew there

was shooting all over the place, said Claire Burton, who said a woman died in her arms, Ms. Burtoo's face was caked with blood. The rally was organized by Workers Viewpoint, a selfdescribed Marxist organization, as

a followup to a confrontation between Klansmen and Workers Viewpoint in China Grove last Greensboro was the site of the first lunch-counter sit-in during

the civil rights struggle of the The rally was organized last

month as a confrontatioo to protest the Klan's activities. Before the march its organizers

had challenged the Klan to "come

reason to believe those who left their cars and begao firing at the demonstrators were members of the Klan.'

Nelson Johnsoo, one of the pro-

to have foreign elements oo them," and that they were hoping to inspire an uprising in which Afterwards police Capt. Jim Hilliard said, "We have every involved.

test leaders, was wounded and after being treated in hospital was arrested and charged with inciting a riot. He was held in lies of \$

ernment of this tiny island nation under former Prime Minister Eric has announced it had thwarted a Gairy, whom Bishop and his leftist planned coonter-coup and New Jewel Movement ousted in a arrested 16 people plotting an coup March 13. uprising with seaborne landings In the interview; Bishop said no. preceded by a series of firebombformal charges had been brought against the suspects yet because ings.
There were no reports of casual-

Grenada arrests 16

for plotting uprising

4 (AP) - The revolutionary gov-

on the Caribbean island.

Prime Minister Maurice Bishop

quoted one of those arrested as

saying the landings were to have

heeo from "three Americao

Asked if he was implying offi-

cial American involvement, he

said, "We really have no idea at

He accused "reactionary ele-

ments within the United States' of

wanting "our revolution des-troyed," hut said he was oot pre-

pared to pin hlame for the alleged

plot oo any one group or agency.

Bishop quoted the suspects as

Officials in Grenada identified

two of those arrested as police

inspector Windstoo Courtney,

all' if that was the case.

ST. GEORGE's, Grenada Nov. who had been head of the police

"we are in a very early stage. The ties or gun battles, but security process of interrogation is not was sharply tightened, Saturday

department's special branch

nearly completed." Bishop said "this particular incident has come in the wake of a. massive campaign of destabilization against our government," and he repeated a previous accusationthat former Ambassador Frank Ortiz in Barbados last spring had recommended a campaign to raise human rights issues in Grenada in an effort to discredit the govern-

He added, "What I am not prepared to do is to lay any specific charge against any specific agency

in the United States.

Bishop said freedom is likely soon for some but not others of saying the three boats "were going some 50 people held in preventive detection. Twenty detainees were released last month, but on the same day, 20 others were arrested 100 people in Grenada would be and charged in what the governmeot said was a plot to overthrow He made his remarks in a telethe government and assassinate phone interview with the Associ-That means a total of about 85 ated Press in Sah Juan, Puerto

are oow jailed - 50 remaining detainees, the 20 charged last mooth, and the 16 arrested Sun-

hatters Co

U.S. scientist claims Method to reduce radioactivity found research in Brussels. Belgium and

(AP) - An internationally known physicist claims to have discovered a method for treating radioactive wastes so they can be reduced to a harmless state in a short period of time." In a copyrighted interview in

Sunday's Arizona Republic, Radha Roy said the process "very roughly can be described as a reversal of pheoomena that occur during a nuclear fissioo chain reac-A nuclear physicist at Arizona

State University, Roy said his research has shown this technique is "highly effective" against "any level of radioactivity, from weak

Calcutta native.

PHOENIX, Arizona Nov. 4 described the process in the Republic interview.

The thing that is so encouraging is that the method can cancel radioactivity rapidly enough for it to be of real, practical value in disposing of dangerous wastes in storage and as they are being produced," he said.

One treatment plant Roy has devised could reduce the radioactivity of eveo the most dangerous wastes with half-lives of 15,000-40,000 years to a level where they would he essectially barmless in about 20 days; he said.

A half-life is the time it takes for quantity of radioactive material to lose one-half its radioactive

at Penn State University, said all the occessary theoretical work on the process has been completed. "There remains perhaps as a

much as a year's work in calculating parameters and preparing data that will be needed for the engineering design of a phore radioactive waste treatment plant," he said...: The author of several graduate

and post-doctoral textbooks on nuclear fission, Roy said that during the 37 years since the first 1 fission chain reaction, there has been no progress whatever toward the development of a method of deactivating radioactive waste or even for storing it safely."

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The craft's orbit could have on immigration regulations Africa the Caribbean and Indian LONDON, Nov.4 (AP) -Home Secretary William subcontinent. While accepting the system of arranged marriages on the sub-

Whitelaw acknowledged Sunday that proposed changes in Britain's immigration rules to restrict entry of fiances and husbands of women not born in Britain was clearly sexual discrimination. But he claimed it is the price

Britain has to pay to cure an ahuse of existing rules. There is no doubt that this par-

ticular position has been abused," and the puncture information was he said in a televisioo interview. He said marriage to a woman Two other Pegasus satellites already in Britain has become a were launched in 1965. Pegasus 1 primary means of male immigra-

continent, Whitelaw said, "if through this procedure there are

people coming in ahusing our system this way. I believe it must be right for a government to stop it. "I accept there is a price to pay, and I believe this price we will pay," said the Conservative home

Noting that women born in Britain retain the right to hring in fiances and husbands, Whitelaw said, "What we are worried about + is extra male immigration."

tion from former colonies in FBI starts escaped killer's hunt

Ocean in 1969. No pieces of either CLINTON, New Jersey Nov. 4 (AP) - The FBf has joined the search for escaped murderer Joanne Chesimard as investigators try to determine whether her bolt from prison has been engineered hy the Black Liberation Army. New Jersey state police Capt.

Gordon Hector said Saturday the militant organization "is not of any magnitude anymore hut added, "there are still dichards. Yesterday's action proves that." Miss Chesimard once described as the "soul" of the Black Libera-

tion Army, escaped Friday from a maximum security section of the Corrections Institute for Women.

FBf agent Anhy Polumbo said the hureau obtained a warant for her arrest on charges of unlawful flight. He said it would facilitate a national search. Miss Chesimarc

for killing a police officer on a New Jersey highway in 1973. The escape took place shortly

after 3 p.m. Friday when three hlack men and a white woman fled away with Miss Chesimard.

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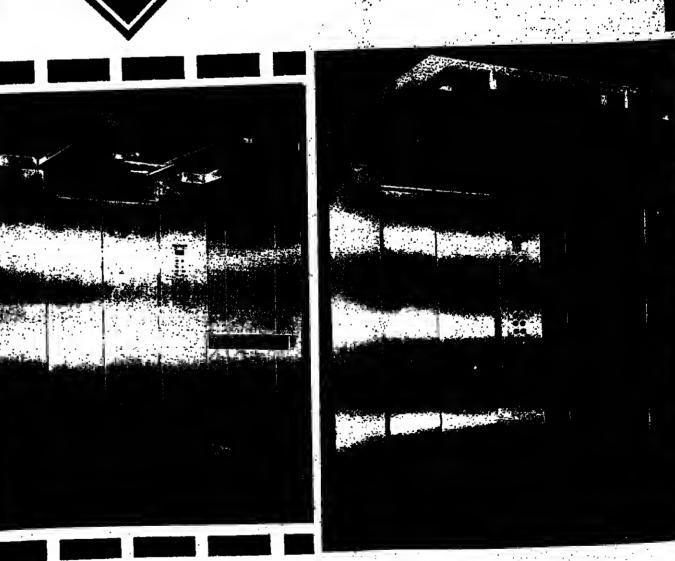




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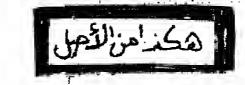


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ence - to Morton, who drew 0-0

with St. Mirren.

Dalglish scores double

Liverpool win keeps up title chase

 LONDON, Nov. 4 (R) nny Dalglish scored two goals rurday as Liverpool, the reignchampion downed Wolrhampton Wanderers 3-0 and pt up the chase behind the ider in the English League. A goal hy Lou Macari gave inchester United a hard-fought) win over Sonthampton. Tre-

T Francis scored twice. That means United is now leadg with 20 points, Nottingham rest is second with 19 and verpool and Crystal Palace are joint third place with 17. But verpool has played only 13 mes, while all its rivals have ayed 14.

ton. Eddie Gray gave Leeds a 28th-second lead against Bristol German results

ochaux beats Metz

SOCHAUX, France, Nov. 4 :) - Socbaux beat Metz 4-0 alftime 2-0) Saturday in a First ivision soccer match held over om Friday.

The result places Sochaux urth in the league with 19 points om 15 matches. Monaco is the ader, followed by Mantes and St. Results of West German

TIACO	~	
Fortuna Duss-		
eldorf	1	Bayer Leverkusen
1860 Munich	0	Hamburger Sv
VFB Stuttgart	2	Eintracht
		Armunachweig
Eintracht	6	MSV Dainburg
Frankfurt		_
Borossia	2	Schalke 04
Donmund		
Bayer Verdingen	0	Borussia
		Moenchenglad- bach
Werder Aremen	1	Bayern Munich
1. PC Cologne	2	Hertha asc
_		Berlin
VPI Bacher	•	1 Dr Malana

United's performance against

Southampton was more workman-

like than skilful, and manager

Dave Sexton must be worried

about the chances his side missed.

Southampton was without defen-

der Dave Watson, who dropped

out after suffering atomach pains

Arsenal's goals against last

placed Brighton came from

Graham Rix, Liam Brady and

Alan Sunderland, all in the second

Dennis Mortimer scored for Villa,

Neil Whatmore replying for Bol-

Gary Shaw, Allan Evans and

overnight.

Wins final

couple of years ago."

In the doubles final—an all

American affair-Marty Reissen

and Sherwood Stewart beat Mike

Cahill and Terry Moor 6-4, 7-6.

Solomon downed fellow Ameri-

can Vince van Patten 2-6, 6-3, 6-3

Saturday to move into the final of

the Paris Open tennis tournament.

Solomon will face Corrado Barazzutti of Italy, who won his

way into the final with a 6-4, 1-6,

8-6 win over second-seeded Brian

In Thailand, Taiwan beat Thai-

DAMMAM

Gottfried of the United States.

In Paris, top-seeded Harold

City, the fastest goal of the season, but City took control after that through a pair of goals from Kevin Mabbutt and one from Geoff Merrick. The last brought cries of "resign" from Leeds fans at Elland Road, aimed at the club

Two goals in two minutes helped Stoke to its victory over Coventry. The first was an own goal from David Jones, the Adrian Heath made it 2-0. After Bobby McDonald got one back, Jim Crooks completed the scoring.

In the Second Division, Luton took a clear lead by beating Cambridge 2-0 while Newcastle, tied for the top overnight, dropped a 1-0 decision to Oldham. Queens Park Rangers and Leciester both moved up level with Newcastle and ahead of them on goal differ-

South London club Miliwall is the new leader of Division Three after a victory over Blackburn. Sheffield United dropped to second by losing to Swindon.

There was a great shock in the Scottish Premier League, where Celtic dropped 2-0 to Kilmarnock to lose the lead - on goal differ-

Borg batters Connors for Tokyo title

TOKYO, Nov. 4 (AP) — Bjorn it is hard to win.' org of Sweden, pinning Amerin Jimmy Connors to the iseline with neavy topspin vives, won a 6-2, 6-2 victory unday and took the Tokyo World mer Tennis singles for the secid consecutive year. my shots have depth."

Borg, four-time Wimbledon ampion, broke Connors' serve ur times in the 72-minute match fore 6,800 spectators.

The 23-year-old Borg generally ayed back and let Connors make ore errors as the 27-year-old merican tried in vain to drive org into a corner and attack. · In the first set, Borg jumped to a -0 lead by breaking Connors' rst service, with a forehand rosscourt passing shot. He broke core again in the seventh game. Borg took a 5-1 lead in the secnd set with breaks in the third nd fifth games and then each man

'I'm very happy to win the purnament for the second time.

eld service.

Borg said, "Whatever the score is, land 3-2 in the Davis Cup Eastern Zone second round tennis tie Saturday after the last day's two Borg attributed his victory to singles were sbared.

hitting the ball deep to keep his Pranomkorn Pladeburnil of opponent from getting to the net. "I used to hit too many short Thailand beat Wu Chang Rong 2-6, 7-5, 10-12, 6-4 in a rainones before," Borg said, "But now interrupted match which spread over 51/2 hours, Hsu Huang Rong Connors played very well today. then clinched the tie for Taiwan by I am playing better now than a defeating Supoj Messawas 6-1, "I should have played at the net 2-6, 6-3, 6-3.

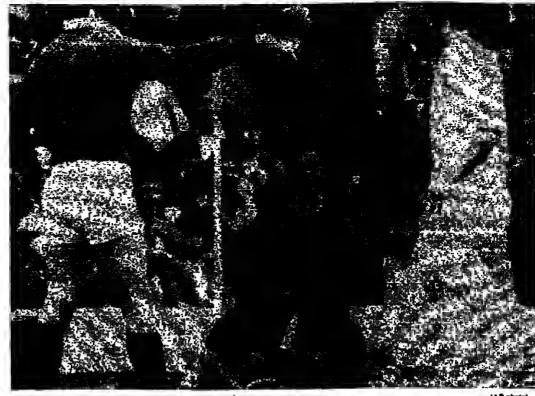
Taiwan now meets Japan in the

American college football scores

NEW YORK, Nov. 4 (AP) --Scores in Saturday's American

Yale		Cornell
Tulane		Boung college
Princeton	38	Penn
Piroburgh	28	Syracine
New Hampshire		Rhode Island
Minmi		Petrn Staf
Delaware		Maine
Darmouth		Columbia
Colgate		Lafavette
Brown	괥	Harvard
Boston U.	16	Holy Cross Harvard

Missouri Oklahoma St.



FIRST TRY: Murray Mexted scores the first try of the All Blacks' British tour, against London Division at Twickenham last week. The All Blacks went on to win 21-18. Londoner T.A. Bryan is on his knees. teammate A.V. Boddy standing.

helped Watt to a one-sided victory

It was the Scot's first defense of

Watt, a southpaw, won every

round. He began cautiously but

stepped up his straight, rights as

the fight went on and by the

seventh round was landing with

in the corners of the ring, appar-

ently watching for a chance to

deliver a heavy counter-puch. But

Vasquez spent a lot of the time

three punches out of four.

his title since he won it hy defeat-

ing Colombia's Alfredo Pitalua in

in Glasgow's Kelvin Hall.

12 rounds last April.

All Blacks flatten **English Midlands**

LEICESTER, England, Nov. 4 (AP) — The New Zealand rugby union team, the All Blacks, hammered the English Midlands 33-7

at Leicester Saturday. The All Blacks led 9-0 at halftime and went on to win by two goals, three ties and three penalty goals to one try and one penalty

masterminded the New Zealanders' dominant display and appeared to play himself into the lineup for next week's international game against Scotland. Bernie Fraser scored two tries,

Scrum-half Dave Loveridge

and full-hack Richard Wilson kicked 13 points. In Buenos Aires, Australia beat Argentina 17-12 in the second rughy union international Satur-

day, the last match of the Australian tour. Argentina led 6-4 at half time

Stops Mexican in ninth

Scotland's Watt retains lightweight crown A crowd of 2,500 yelling, signing and flag-waving Scottisb fans Watt said after the fight: "I was

GLASGOW, Nov. 4 (AP) Britain's Jim Watt retained his World Boxing Council lightweight title here Saturday night hy heating Mexican Roberto Vasquez, from San Antonio, Texas, in the ninth round.

The referee stopped the fight, scheduled for 15 rounds.

Watt, 31, had coolly and clinically destroyed his 21-year-old opponent with a stream of right jabs to the head.

Vasquez was cornered and taking heavy punishment when referee Rudy Ortega of California stepped in and stopped the contest at 2:30 of the ninth round.

the chance never came. The Mexican now based in Los Angeles, landed his best punch in the seventh round — a right to the jaw which rocked Watt slightly. But the Scot quickly recovered and the fight resumed its normal pattern with Watt pushing straight jabs into the challenger's face.

By the end of the eighth round Watt was sending in punches from all angels. Ortega appeared ready to step in, but he had second thoughts and allowed the fight to

· Itallel

In the ninth Vasquez was a punchbag for the champion, who scored at will with straight rights. hooks and upper cuts. When the referee stopped it Vasquez stood

in his corner in tears. It was the American's 27th pro

weighed 134 4 pounds.

fight, and he has won 20 of them, including 17 inside the distance. Watt weighed in at the exact limit of 135 pounds. Vasquez.

keep up. In Las Cruces, New Mexico, Ed Too Tall' Jones, the professional

very impressed by the kid's courage and maturity. He boxed really

well, hut I stepped up the pace

every round and he just couldn't

foothall player who turned to boxing, survived a last-round knockdown and scored a controversial. wildly booed split decision victory Saturday in his first pro fight.

European athletics board okays anti-doping action

EAST BERLIN, Nov. 4 (R) -The Congress of the European Athletic Association (EAA) has unanimously endorsed an eightpoint British recommendation aimed at eradicating the use of anabolic steroids in athletics.

The British proposals will now be discussed by the EAA's Drugs Committee and will be put forward to the International Amateur Athletics Federation

The recommendations include

introducing certificates on antidoping tests for international competitors, regular tests for suspended athletes and sanctions against countries refusing to cooperate.

Robert Stinson, a member of the British Amateur Athletic Board, said the congress's approval was a major step forward in fighting the use of steroids. It should spur international bodies into paying more attention to the



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THE U.S. ELECTIONS

Although a whole year still separates the United States rom the presidential elections, they are already casting their hadow on all of the country's major concerns. Questions like he threat of the looming recession, the SALT II agreement vith the Soviets, or the quest for peace in the Middle East are to longer viewed in terms of the present administration, but rom within the alternatives offered by the various official and mofficial contenders.

Arab observers of the American scene are almost unanimously agreed that there is little to expect from a change of idministration. The incumbent, they think, realizing how relaive such matters are, is still nearest to understanding the Arab

At the beginning of his term, President Carter rode high in Arab esteem. His early statements on the rights of the Palestirian people promised a real and much needed break with the raditional, heedless endorsements of Israeli policies — the pallmark of successive administrations. But this rapidly changed as pressures began to tell. One by one the earlier statements were rendered "inoperative" by successive reiterations of the more "traditional" position.

The mistrust this generated in the Arab world was soon confirmed when Carter pushed on with his Camp David approach, leading to the agreement which Egypt alone accepted. The dangerous position this created in the Middle East showed Carter in very bad light indeed, especially in those countries which hoped a great deal from America.

But this, to repeat, has to be viewed in the light of the alternatives on offer. Among the Democrats, Carter's main. opponent is Edward Kennedy. Although the so-called "Kennedy myth" still earns the senator a fund of (somewhat vague) good will in the Arab world, the fact is that he is, like his brother the late President John Kennedy, well within the tradition of American uncritical commitment to the Israeli cause. If anything he is more entrenched in it than his late brother.

The Republican Connally might be said to have parallel views on the Middle East to those of the incumbent. But Carter's advantage, and it is very important given the political set up in the United States, is that he will be free from a re-election challenge, and the pressures this makes him open

In any case, Arab support for Carter cannot be overt: this will indeed be the "kiss of death" for his re-election chances. But there are indirect means . . .

The Sihanouk card waits to be played by China

With their Khmer Rouge allies in Cambodia coming perilously close to extinction, the Chinese have begun to show renewed signs of a significant future shift in favor of avowed nentralist Norodom Sihanouk.

After four months of estrangement in which Sihanouk took up residence in North Korea, the Chinese invited Sihanouk back to Peking as an honored guest at their Oct. 1 national-day festivities and have encouraged him to remain here.

They have apparently curtailed efforts to persuade Sihanouk to support the Pol Pot-led Khmer Rouge, whom Sihanouk describes as "murderers," while allowing the Cambodian prince to lead a life of luxury in a specious compound.

By renewing their apparent ties with Sibanouk and remaining silent while he derides Pol Pot in long chats with Western journalists, the Chinese indicate how weak they feel their position in Cam-

bodia has become.

About 1 70,000 Vietnamese troops are now moving to mop up the remnants of Pol Pol s forces in the northwestern Cambodia. Turning to Sihanouk would mean a special relationship with a man who still inspires loyalty among many surviving Cambodians, but who has only a tiny force in Cambodia and insists on a non-communist future for any Sihanouk-led state.

"The Chinese are very intelligent," Sihanouk said at a recent luncheon in the mansion provided him in Peking. "Things are getting much worse for Pol Pot, so if they go bad for Pol Pot, they still have Sihanouk.

"I am the Sihanouk card. First they deal Pol Pot, and if that doesn't work, then they deal Sihanouk." One Western diplomat here said, "There is no question that the Chinese are now changing their mind about Sihanouk and preparing for Pol Pot's

That message has been received by many Western governments, leading in part to the American, British and Japanese ambassadors calling on Sihanouk here and, in the view of some, encouraging the U.S. State Department to say Sihanouk 'could have a constructive role to play' in a future Cambodia,

As the Chinese begin to show renewed interest in him, Sihanouk also has begun to shelve some of his more independent schemes that particularly irked the Chinese. He had announced early plans to seek talks with the Vietnamese, Peking's arch-rival, on the Cambodian question, but now he dismisses such plans as fruitless

He promises that within two months he will be ready to support China's policy of all-out armed struggle against Hanoi's invasion force. Sihanouk said he has sent the Chinese a message indicating that at the end of that two-month period "I am ready to negotiate with them again.'

The Chinese have dealt with Sihanouk for a long time. When he was overthrown by rightists in 1970. the Chinese invited him to live in Peking. The late Premier Chou En-lai seemed particularly interested in encouraging Sibanouk's government

The victory of Pol Pot in 1975 enticed Sihanouk to return to Phnom Penh, but there he became a virtual prisoner. When Pol Pot released him to return to Peking in January of this year, Chou was dead and Sihanouk was no longer so willing to deal with a Chinese government that had backed Pol

"The trouble with Sihanouk is that he's irrational and unpredictable," one Chinese official said, commenting on his government's often ambiguous attitude toward the prince. "We never know what he'll say from day to day."

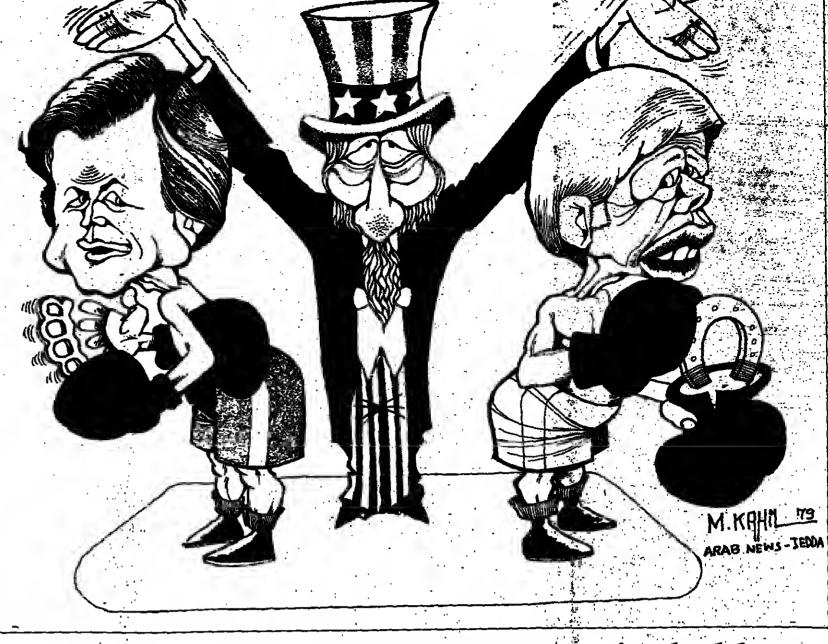
Nonetheless, the Chinese have given Sihanouk full rein to organize a new Confederation of Khmer Nationalists, which he said he plans to promote with trips to France, Japan, the United States and Australia beginning in November. Sihanouk said he planned to return to Pyongyang next spring in time for the birthday of his patron, Kim II Sung of North

But Sihanouk indicated he might resume permanent residence in Peking if the Chinese conclude by then that Pol Pot's position is absolutely hopeless. In the meantime, despite his love for tweaking his Chinese hosts and their Khmer Rouge proteges in conversations bere with Western journalists, Sihanouk's jokes and exaggerations hide a keen sense of the diplomatic art.

He has refrained from official requests to France and the United States for aid for his tiny guerrilla force of 5,000 in Cambodia, knowing that the request would be refused and thus would embarrass both the friendly Western governments and him-

He has also refrained from announcing another government in exile, knowing the Chinese cannot support such an initiative until Pol Pot is completely defeated. Instead, he waits patiently for the Chinese to accept him on his terms.

"I learned cooking by myself, I learned English by myself," he said at a luncheon prepared under his exact instructions. "I don't like to obey anybody; I like to be independent always.... I love China. But it is like having two wives. When China bas two wives, Pol Pol and Sihanouk, when China praises Pol Pot, Sihanouk is jealous." — (WP)



Uruguay's dictatorship relaxes its hold

By Charles A. Krause

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay --For the first time since a 1973 coup that transformed Uruguay into Sonth America's most totalitarian police state, the military government slowly has begun to loosen its grip on what was once the continent's most advanced social democracy.

A sharp decrease in the number of political arrests, an end to officially sanctioned torture and a reduction in the number of political prisoners from 5,000 two years ago to a current 1.600 bave led to improved relations with the United States, which has again begun selling small quantities of non-lethal military equipment to Uruguay. The sales are part of a "carrot and stick" approach designed to speed improvements in human rights here.

Despite a continuing prohibition against all forms of "political activity," Frigury's two traditional political parties, the Blancos and the Colorados, have been allowed in recent months to hold some small eatherings.

Although strikes remain forbidden, the government unofficially gave non-communist labor unions permission to reorganize last year. In a development that has perplexed diplomatic observers, young Navy officers recently have begun meeting. with leaders of the country's once powerful communist union, urging them to reorganize as well.

These meetings have surprised Western diplomats because Uruguay's military rulers say they must remain in power for now to guard against Communist subversion — seven years after they took control of the government to crush the Tupamaro guerrilla movement, which never had Communist Party support.

Uruguay's major newspapers, which remain the most timid and controlled in South America, also have begun to test the limits on criticizing the goverument. Earlier this month, the daily El Dia organized a symposium, which it then covered in detail of professors and political leaders who were asked to discuss Uruguay's democranic traditions.

Uruguay's military leaders also still seem to be committed to a timetable they announced two years ago to hold an election next year on a new constitut. tion they are drawing up as a prelude to some so far unspecified form of civilian elections in 1981.

Despite a general reduction in the level of police surveillance and terror, the government has yet to change any of the draconian national security laws: that were approved in 1972 by the country's last elected Congress to deal with the Tupamaro urban guerrillas. These laws were then augmented when the military closed the Congress and took control in

The statutes prohibit gatherings of more than five. persons for any reason—including soccer games—without police permission, prohibit all political activity, make it a crime to criticize the government or the military, ban strikes and provide for a parallel military judicial system to deal with "subversives."

While the secret police have reduced activity within Uruguay, they have not stopped kidnaping Uruguayans living outside the country. Last July, two Uruguayans living in Porto Alegre, Brazil, were abducted by Uruguayan police officers, an intident that has become a major source or irritation bet-ween Uruguayan and its much larger neighbor to

Nor has the government lifted a ban on bout 1,000 politicians who, having figured in elections of 1967 and 1971, are prohibited from all forms of public life. Their names may not be mentioned in the press or on radio and television stations diere.

This proscription was taken to what ever government supporters agree was a ridiculous level in August, when a bull belonging to Wilson Ferreira Aldunate, a Blanco Party presidential candidate in 1971 who is living in exile in London, was removed from a cattle exhibition because of a small sign all the buils were required to wear with the names of heir owners.

Public employees, who comprise about 25 per cent of the country's small working population, must obtain security clearances even for jobs as streetcleaners. This and a law that allows public employees to be dismissed without cause effectively repress political activity and dissent, according to

political observers here. Nonetheless, there has been a noticeable increase furing the past year in the willingness of average Uruguayans, including public employees, to complain about the current government.

Almost no one here has a good word to say about the government's economic policies, which have achieved full employment and a growth rate this year that will probably come close to 9 per cent, but which have at the same time allowed inflation to rise to an annual rate of \$5 per our and created beef shortages in a continue that has four cows for each of its 2.5 million people.

Average Uruguayans also seem to be less impressed with the government's justification for its current existence: stopping communism and terrorist subversion:

While the Tupamaros frightened the country dwing the first years of the decade, it has been at least six years since they were in a position to kidnap or kill. Hardly anyone here thinks there are enough Communists in the country to make much of a difference - except for those locked in Libertal, the country's prison for political prisoners.

"We're tired of this government," said one government employee. "They have robbed us of our liberty in the name of peace and order. The dead have peace and order but they have nothing to look

forward to.

"You know, for the past six years we have been the past six years we have been a little. Just dead. Only now are we beginning to live a little. Just a little, understand?" — (WP)

Afghanistan's loose coalition

PESHAWAR, Pakistan ---Afghan rebel Muhammad Akim took a long drink of 7-up, tooked quickly around the small botel room and began describing the next major battle of Muslim guerrilla forces across the border

in Afghanistan. "Within three or four days the Ali Khel garrison in Jaji district will fall," he said confidently. "It is already surrounded."

Akim, once a member of Afghanistan's United Nations delegation, now represents the Afghanistan Islamic and Nationalist Revolutionary Council. It is one of the many Muslim guerrilla organizations fighting to overthrow Hafizullah Amin's Sovietbacked Marxist government, which clings to power in Kabul, the Afghan capital.

In recent months, rebel groups have scored impressive successes against beleaguered government forces. With increasing frequency, they bave cut key road links between Kabul and major provincial cities. Even vehicles traveling in armed convoys have been successfully ambushed.

Sources in Kabul say all development work has halted, and the full energies of Amin's government

are now directed at fighting the guerrillas.

At least six of these rebel groups direct their operations from clandestine, frequently moved

successful unless it is based on the

principle of a comprehensive

peace in the region. "The special

interest that the Palestinian peo-

ple's role has created in the world

public opinion reflects the nature

of the new international trend and

enhances the belief that a fresh

initiative can be worked out to

find a suitable solution to the

beadquarters in this dusty frontier town 40 miles

east of the Kbyber Pass and the Afghan border. Peshawar, sitting on the edge of a vast tribal land that extends well into Afghanistan, is the ideal spot for their activities. Except for major roads, the governments of Pakistan and Afghanistan have never been able to exercise more than marginal control in

Guerrillas move unchallenged across a border that has historically existed mainly on paper? The thousands of paths and tracks through the mountains to Afghanistan carry food and ammunition purchased in Pakistan to fighting areas

Along these same routes, an estimated 200,000 refugees have fled the fighting. They live in crowded camps within Pakistan. Much of eastern Afghanistan is inhabited by

hercely independent and usually well-armed Pushtun tribesmen. These rugged, coarse-featured peo-ple comprise the bulk of rebel ranks. Rudyard Kipling called them Pathans and etched

their hospitale, loyal, but brutal nature into English Even those Pushtuns not involved in fighting often carry arms, with a bandolier of amountain

across their chests. Their most treasured weapon remains the bolt-action World War I-eras British Enfield rifle. So far the biggest rebel expense has been for

ammunition.

"We have to pay \$3 for a Western-made 30caliber round," Akim complained. Locally made ammunition sells for less but tends to be less reli-

Rebel groups appear to be getting little outside support in their struggie, despite repeated charges by Amin's government in Kabul that Western and Arab money is all that keeps them going. What little money does trickle in is thought to come mainly from private sources in the Middle East.

"I don't think all funds received by all rebel groups since the fighting began has exceeded \$3 million," said a source who closely monitors rebel activities.

At least two rebel groups operate small hospitals here for treatment of wounded. The trip from the fighting areas is so arduous, however, that few critically wounded can survive it.

One rebel brought in by jeep with a shattered arm had been 10 days in transit, most of it by camelback. So as not to embarrass their Pakistani hosts, the Afghan rebels maintain a low profile. They can be contacted only through local middlemen and prefer

of guerrillas

to meet foreign newsmen in secret. Representatives of some groups, such as the bighly organized, arch-conservative Hezbi-Islami-Afghanistan, issue press releases and photos

to document their successes.

Others offer newsmen safe passage into
Afghanistan to see their "Muhajiddin" (freedom fighters) in action against the Afghan army.

But according to reports reaching here, much of the stepped up activity is loosely directed. Rebel groups forge temporary alliances with historicallyanti-government tribesmen more interested in capturing weapons than anything else. ".

"There are tens of thousands of tribesmen in these border areas, and they all bate the government, hate the Russians and bke guns," explained a student of the guerrilla war. "It doesn't take much Loyalties between these tribal bands and rebel

guerrilla groups are said to be fluid and subject to constant negotiation.

Despite their common goal to bring down the

Marxist government in Kabul, the Peshawar-based rebels have consistently been unable to form a common front. "We have differences in principle," Aking

explained. "We are nationalistic, for a modera, democratic Afghanistan. Other groups are reactionary and want only a backward Afghanistan." Although all groups consider themselves pro-Islamic, the most radical is the Hezbi-Islami. "Our will be a true Islamic revolution," said a spokesman,

Hussain Manghi. "There will be no compromise to One alliance consisting of four rebel groups formed shortly after the April 19, 1978 Maries takeover in Afghanistan lasted only a month before

About three months ago another attempt was made when private Arab interests agreed to send

substantial funds to rebel groups on the condition they buried their differences.

The resulting coalition of five rebel groups, called

the Baiman-e-Ittatehad-e-Islami (Treaty of Islamic Unity), began to unravel within days.
There have also been reports of violence between

the rebel groups. According to one account two rival groups fought a pitched bands following a dispute over who controlled a savement of them

With the onset of cold winter weather late non-month, action is expected to saper off. For the rebels, it could be a winter of cetrents hardship.

saudi press review

Al -Medina devoted its editorial to reviewing the political situation n Afghanistan and the Afghan Muslims' revolution against the pro-Soviet Communist regime in the country. It nrged the Islamic world to belp their brethren in Afghanistan and, at the same rime, called upon the Afghan revolutionaries to streamline their ranks without allowing any single

group to believe that it is capable of the Islamic world which is conof achieving the victory. The cerned with the destiny and land paper drew their attention to the fact that they did not, in fact, detest the Amin regime as much as they were trying to resist the Soviet Union.

In the paper's view, "the Soviet Union will either bave to leave Afghanistan alone or to face mounting opposition from the rest pean states to use their full weight

of the people of Afghanistan. The Islamic world's perfect awareness of the Afghan issue will prove to be a decisive factor in framing a political stance toward it," the paper said. Okaz dwelled on the Palestine

issue, urging the Western Euro-

to make the present trend of the no international initiative can be United States more flexible, with a fresh initiative to settle the Palestine case and bring stability in the Middle East." In fact, the nature of international role in the Arab-Israeli conflict can determine the extent of a detente or a deterioration in the Middle East situation," it said.

The paper beld a firm view that Palestine issue," the paper said.

he Middle East export America fears and loathes

shington Bureau

NGTON - A bumper pium poppies is now vested in the Middle tarily in Afghanistan,

akistan. g enforcement officials I that a good deal of this the form of heroin, will v into the United States oming year.

uming rise in beroin n the Middle East has op priority of U.S. narrol agencies for the first : 1972, when Turkey pium production and American heroin users aior source of supply. has filled the vacuum irkey and now supplies with over 70 per cent of

xico has been carrying ctive program of opium adication and enforcerecent years, with the Mexican heroin enter-S. has dropped dramati-6.5 tons in 1975 to less ns in 1978.

from another major butheast Asia's "Golden where Thailand, Laos A3 Chi Ama meet; has also because of government

ent efforts. esult, heroin traffickers g more and more to the East to satisfy the of the American market. <u>p major Middle Eastern</u>

ld

and Pakistan. Both countries are on the U.S. government's list of the world's top ten major sources of problem drugs, with a comhined production of 810-1,000



The bulk of the poppies is grown along the common frontier between Afghanistan and Pakistan, where "the national governments exercise tenuous and circumscribed authority," in the

words of the State Department. "This lack of authority, together with the traditional independence and assertiveness of the tribes in the frontier areas, makes effective enforcement and even accurate record-keeping impossible tasks," the State Department

Iran has become a third opium source, and is viewed as a growing problem because of its political instability which makes drug enforcement extremely difficult. Middle Eastern opium is refined

laboratories in Iran, Pakistan, Turkey and Afghanistan.

into heroin in clandestine

in Lebanon as well,

Much of the Middle East's heroin finds its way to Europe. Last year, heroin from the Middle East accounted for about 20 to 50 per cent of the total heroin available in West Germany. This year it represents about /0 per cent.

Fornerly, West Gernan addicts had to travel to the Netherlands for their heroin supplies," said a U.S. drug official. "Now, Turkish nationals are bringing heroin directly to Berlin. And the street purity there is a startling 35 per cent.

From Europe and other sources, Middle Eastern he roin is smuggled into the United States.

Mexican brown heroin, until recently the staple of American addicts, is gradually being replaced by Asian white, particularly in the East Coast cities of the United States.

The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). America's chief narcotics control agency, is "carefully monitoring the re-emergence of Middle Eastem heroin." DEA Administrator Peter Bensinger told a Senate committee earlier this autumn. . There were "negligible amounts" of Middle Eastern

heroin in the U.S. in 1975, Bensinger said. But by 1976, it represented two per cent of the total heroin in the country, and in 1977 the figure

rose to eight per cent. DEA officials told Arab Vews Middle East heroin last year

so nenf this opium is being refine I the total heroit available in the United States.

> Given this trend and "its proven tendency for rapid acceleration," the DEA expects "significant quantities" of Middle Easiern heroin to be sold on the American black market by early

"The Middle East's potential to produce heroin is serious," Bensinger said in his Senate testimony, "Under optimal conditions, that is assuming every kilograin of opium is converted into heroin, this region could produce 80 tons of heroin for worldwide consumption.

Last year, approximately 4.1 tons of heroin were sold in the United States, according to DEA estimates, the lowest reported figure since 1971, owing to more stringent enforcement of the law.

Heroin purity in the U.S. has also declined over the past three years from 6.6 per cent to 3.5 per cent. Before it reaches the street, pure heroin is routinely cut with a variety of neutral substances: sugars, starch, powdered nilk quinine.

The DEA, in cooperatioo with the White House, the State Department and other federal agencies, is now holding a series of planning sessions to devise a strategy for countering the heroin threat from the Middle East. These initiatives are expected to include special enforcement and intelligence efforts in Europe and the United There are strong suspicions that accounted for 15 to 20 per cent of States. They are to be the second

Province Growing Poppies in 1972

Province Growing Poppies in 1971.

TURKEY: Opium Poppy Growing Areas

Elazig

but under ban in 1972

and third line of defense to combat the lack of control over opium in Afghanistan, Pakistan and Iran,

Bensinger said. The first tine of defense, the DEA believes, is at the source.

In Bensinger's words: "It is easier to impact illicit drug availability at the growing stage in foreign countries than at the importing and distributing stages here in the

United States," The elimination of the Turkish

opium trade is an example of this

Until 1972, most of the heroin Germany. available on the American market key. The crude opium was converted into morphine base in clandestine laboratories located in Istabul, Beirut and Aleppo.

The morphine base was then transported to Europe, where it was converted into heroin in France, Spain, Switzerland and

The refined product was then cane from opium grown in Tur- smuggled into America through several ports, including New York, Miami, New Orleans and

Seattle.

After consultations with the U.S. government, Turkey agreed ro ban opium growing in 1972. Two years later, the Turkish government allowed farmers to resume poppy cultivation, but restricted production to seven provinces under strict licensing

provisions. Turkish farmers are forbidden to lance the poppy pods to draw out the opium gum. Instead they are required to harvest the entire pod for sale to the government, which arranges for proper storage and processing for legal medicinal

"As a result of the use of this process, there is no evidence of

Iran and Afghanistan are hampered by "the problems and instabilities with these governments," he said.

The tribal and family loyalties of the Kurds on both sides of the Turkish-Iranian border, for example, are far stronger than the bonds of nationalism, he noted. The Kurdish tribes play a role in the transporting of opium from the growing areas to the West.

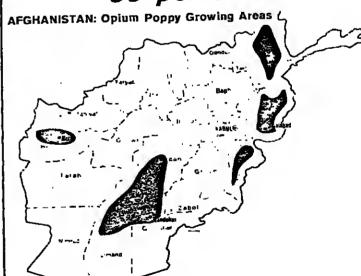
In Afghanistan, the central government's battles against insurgents take precedence over narcotics enforcement activities. The United States has had con-

siderably more success with Pakis-Traditionally, Pakistani opium has been smuggled through Karachi and other small ports

along the country's southern coast. Large quantities of opium have been found mixed with legitimate cargoes bound for the Far East and the Gulf.

To counter this drug traffic, the DEA and the Pakistani customs any (illegal) production or diver- authorities have joined forces in

Formerly, West German addicts had to travel to the Netherlands for their heroin supplies. Now, Turkish nationals are bringing heroin directly to Berlin. And the street purity is a startling 35 per cent.



sion of opium in Turkey since poppy cultivation was resumed," according to William vanden Heuvel, U.S. envoy to the European office of the United Nations. The Mexican government has

also undertaken a major opium poppy eradication program, begun in November 1975. Says Bensinger, "Since this eradication operation was initiated, there: has been a steady.

dramatic decline in the amount of Mexican heroin available in the United States." The U.S. has provided Mexico with \$ 73.5 million over the past five years to help its drug control

efforts. It has also sent DEA special agents to help train and to work with Mexican law enforcement

officers. The result, according to the DEA: 1,000 lives a year saved and 100,000 fewer heroin addicts in the United States.

But tackling the Middle East heroin problem at its source poses special problems for the United States, not the least of these being the strained relations with Afghanistan and Iran.

*To a certain extent, the forced closing of the DEA office in Tehran has created a small intelligence gap," according to Bensinger.

Cooperative drug efforts with

Karachi which has received active support from the State Department and the U.S. Customs Ser-

According to the DEA, this program has been "relatively successful in increasing the effectiveness of enforcement operations by Pakistani authorities. "Although not all the seizures

have been large, this program is building Pakistani confidence regarding their ability to control the movement of drugs," Bensinger says.

In addition to cooperating with source countries in controlling drug production, the United States also helps to provide training for foreign drug enforcement

Since 1969, some 960 drug officers from the Middle East have completed U.S. training programs in America, in their own nations. or in third countries.

Three of these drug officers were from Saudi Arabia. Other countries represented include Aighanistan, Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Ethiopia, Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Pakistan, Qatar. Tunisia and the UAE.

Next March, the Drug Enforcement Administration will hold another training course for foreign officers, which will include Jordanians and Syrians,



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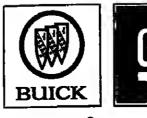
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Sadat, Bergland discuss U.S. aid in agriculture

CAIRO, Nov. 4 (R) - President Anwar Sadat Sunday discussed with the U.S. Agriculture Secretary Robert Bergland American technical assistance in the fields of agriculture and food production. During the meeoing Bergland assured Sadat and other Egyptian officials that all "U.S. agencies will work closely to support the strong efforts of the Egyptian government to increase agriculture and food production in Egypt, a U.S. embassy spokesman said.

Earlier Bergland signed an agreement increasing American funds for the mechanization of agriculture in Egypt provided by the U.S. Agency for International Development (A1D), by \$ 19 million to reach a total of \$ 40 million over a period of six years.

AID had signed in September an agreement providing Egypt with \$ 21 million for the same project, the spokesman added.

Bergland had also signed a memorandum of understanding to explore the possibilities for establishing a hi-national agriculture research and development fund, the spokesman said. The Egyptian and the American sides agreed to resume their talks

in the near future on agriculture development and research coopera-Bergland later met the Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil. tion, the spokesman added. The U.S. official is on an 18-day visit to the Middle East and

Western Europe to promote agricultural trade and technical assis-He will meet Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin on Nov.8.

India finds oilfield

MADRAS, Nov. 4 (R) — Oil has been discovered in commercial quantities in a new field in the sea off west India, petroleum

He told a press conference the field, Ratnagiri, was located minister said Sunday. about 80 kms southwest of Bomhay. The first well had a potential of at least 5,000 to 7,000 harrels a day, he said.

in northern Japan automatically stopped operation Sunday after developing trouble in the condenser pump, officials said.

there was no danger of radioactive leakage from the 784,000kilowatt hoiling water reactor of the atomic plant located 176

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 7:00 P.M. Sunday Nov. 4

U.S. Dollar

Pound Sterling

Swiss F (100)

French F (100)

Syria Lira (100)

Egyptian Pound

Jordanian Dinar

Bahraini Dinar

Gold kg.

10 Tolas bar

Oatari Riyal (100)

Iranian Riyal (100)

Iraqi Dinar (100)

Yemeni Riyal (100)

Indian Rupee (100)

Moroccan Dirbam (100)

Pakistani Rupec (100)

Silver kg. Japanese Yeo (1,000)

Belgian Franc (1,000)

Dutch Guildet (1,000)

Greek Drachma (1,000)

Philippines Peso (1,00)

vessel

8.

15. 18. 22. 23. 38. 38A

40.

Canadian Dollar

Spanish Peso

Emirates Dirham (190)

Kuwait Dinar

Deutche Mark (100)

Italian Lira (10,000)

Lebanese Lira (100)

3.37

187.00

204.00

3.38

7.18

187.50

203.50

80.00

41.00

101.50

12.12

11.22

89.50

90.75

8,92

9.30

74,50

81.00

33.50

41,000.00

14.30

116.00

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86.80

4.60

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Off-shore wells near Bombay currently produce 88,000 barrels a Japanese power plant stopped TOKYO, Nov. 4 (AP) — The reactor of an atomic power station The officials of the Tokyo Electric and Power Company said kilometers oorth of Tokyo. The company is investigating the cause of the accident, the officials

Depression: A U.S. nightmare

In the middle of Grand Central Station is a glass kiosk whose flickering video screens exert a magnetic pull, tather like the lure of the roulette wheel, on the commuters as they burry by. The complexity of the figures and the sophistication of the devices that conjure them up seem to appeal to punters and

onlookers alike. Of late, however, the lines of people waiting to punch out their stocks on the computers thoughtfully provided by Merrill Lynch, free of charge, in Grand Central's Investment Information Center have heen growing longer as anxious faces watch fortunes ehh and flow. By a curious coincidence, the 50th anniversary of the great Wall Street crash is being commemorated here in a mood of speculative nervousness and economic uncertainty almost

worthy of the cataclysmic event itself. The end of the Twenties was an exciting time, marking a new peak in American prosperity and entrepreneurial confidence. In early September, 1929, the year of the Buil and the Bear, the Dow Jones Industrial average had soared to 381, a level it would not reach again for a quarter of a centuty. The land frontiers of this vast country had long gone hut, after a fat decade, the economic horizons still

seemed limitless to most Americans. The New York Times, then two cents and now a quarter a copy, thought the thermometer more newsworthy and led with: Year's Hottest Day. Less than two months later, the weather and much else were forgotten as appalling news from the narrow street in Lower Manhattan, whose came commemorates a wooden wall erected by the early Dutch settlers to protest themselves from maraud-

ing Indians, filled the newspapers daily. On October 24; Black Thursday, 12.9 million shares flooded the New York Stock Exchange; five days later, Black Tuesday, the volume traded lifted to 16.4 million, a daily level that was not surpassed until 1968. In those five days the Dow dropped 69 points, wiping off 25 per cent of the market value. After a few jittery rallies the Dow continued to plummet, reaching a nadir of 199 in November, erasing another quarter of the market value.

There was high drama as the wealthy and respected moguls of America - John P. Morgan, the banker, William C. Durant, founder of General Motors (he ended up running a bowling alley in Flint, Michigan), and the Rockefellers - tried to stem the tide, and great tragedy as they failed. The lemming image of hundreds of people throwing themselves out of windows all over New York is exaggerated hut spectacular fortunea were lost overnight and as the crash became a ruin — the Dow sank below 50 in 1932-33 — a million-anda-balf investors lost heavily.

A fioancial journalist who was covering Wall Street for the New York Times and, at 77 years of age, is still in barness, blames the lack of controls in the stock market, the narrow margins, the pool operators ('stocks went up 10 points daily, as regular as clockwork, then boom, down 50 as the pool sold out) and a whole gamut of sharp practices.

'It was a very primitive time,' He said, 'The ricket ran hours late, often into the night, and the stockholders were at the brokers' mercy.' Even his boss, the financial editor of the New York Times, like many others, had caught the fever. 'He used to go around in a chauffeut-driven limousine and was paid cash for a tip-off on the market. When I came into the office in the morning it was crazy - gin bottles and blondes all over the place. After the crash I beard him telephone his wife and say: "Well, dear, I went overboatd." That was all. We never

saw him again. The crash itself was bad enough but, far worse, on years that followed. In fact, the American ecooomy had begun to contract before were the depressi the collapse of the stock market, suggesting that the boom of the Twenties might not be a permanent feature of American life after all. By 1933 the Americao gross national product had dropped to half what it had been in 1929, thousands of banks had closed. unemployment was runoing at 25 per ceot of the workforce and suicides were up 34 per ceot on 1928.

As New York's commuters nervously punch out their stocks, the question, 'Could it happen again?' seems less academic than it used to he. Gold soars, the dollar plummets, inflation gallops, oilproducing countries threaten, real estate spirals where will it end? In a macrobust?

The least likely disaster, according to the experts, is a repeat of the Wall Street crash. The stock market is much more sophisticated these days, much better controlled by government laws and agencies and much less iotrinsically important. In 1973-74 there was another crash, when shares lost 45 per cent of their value as the Dow Jooes Index fell from 1,051 to 577. On that occasion Wall Street showed that it could handle a serious erisis without panicking but the bust had two lasting results: it sapped the value of the market and drove out the smaller investor, who now sinks his money into other things such

as gold, property and commodity futures.

The public mood, financial attitudes and degree of sophistication are very different from 1929, said William C. Freund, chief economist at the New York Stock Exchange. 'It is extremely unlikely that the speculative hinge of the 1920s will be repeated

But, although the venue has shifted, the game today. continues. 'Many of the cliches of 1929 are myth,' writes Professor Harold Barger, a Columbia University economics professor who sat at the feet of John Maynard Keynes in those heady days. Bot some are truisms: What goes up must, indeed, come

down; the higger the hubble, the louder the hurst, and, ever since Eve are apples, there has been no

such thing as a free lunch. John Kenneth Galhraith, in his hook 'The Great Crash', the only book be claims he ever eojoyed writing, is less sanguine. Since 1929, he writes, we have enacted numerous laws designed to make securities speculation more honest and, it is hoped, more readily restrained. None of these is a perfect safeguard. The signal feature of the mass escape from reality that occurred in 1929 and before and which characterized every previous speculative outburst from the South Sea Bubble to the Florida Land Boom - was that it carried an Authority with

'Governments,' be concludes, 'were either as bemused as the speculators or they deemed it unwiseto be sane at a time when sanity exposed one to ridicule, condemnation for spoiling the game, or

the threat of severe political retribution. There is a hasic list of vulnerabilities that economists and financiers agree on and it includes the failing dollar, the threat of oil shortages and embargoes, sudden movements of petro-dollars out of the United States, loan default by developing countries that are massively in deht to American hanks, international hanking failures, the gold fever, a real estate hust, runaway inflation, and a

crash on the commodity futures market. The fear is not so much that one prop of the economic system will give way as it did in 1929 hut that a number of interacting factors will produce an erosion effect resulting in a gradual but unstoppable slide into a depression comparable to that of the

The weakness of the dollar is regarded on Wall Thirties. Street as a symptom rather than a cause of the current economie malaise, and largely the product of a persistent balance of payments deficit and a high oil import bill. The Federal Reserve Board's new support package has checked its decline, although few people seem to be optimistic that it will restore faith in the greenback ontil the root causes of its ill health are dealt with.

Oil embargoes and abrupt movements of petrodollars are seen as threats that America has had to live with ever since the Arabs put their oil where mouths were in 1973. But many analysts feel that the close co-operation that has grown up hetween central hankers in recent years provides a degree of reassurence.

Defaults oo loans by Third World countries used to be considered a potential flash-point in finaocial systems hut the banks and international agencies, especially the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, have moved swiftly when action was needed in places like Zaire and Chile. However, Brazil, with its huge international indehtedness and its shaky economy, is being watched anxiously by bankers.

The banks themselves are not invuloerable but the system has survived some nasty tremors such as the Herstatt Bank failure in West Germany in 1974 and the Franklin Bank collapse and scandal here. Once again the close-knit, self-preservatory instincts of the international banking community seem to have played a major part in stopping the

Similarly, the federal Reserve's willingness to assume an activist role in a financial crisis, as with Penn Central's problems and the collapse of Long Island's Conrail, has helped to shore up weak points in the infrastructure.

Gold, with its luster and runaway prices, is often cited as a candidate for disaster, 'It's tulipmania,' said Anthony Solomon, Under-Secretary of the US Treasury for Monetary Affairs, referring to the Tulip Bulh 'crasb' in Holland in the 17th century. But the gold rush is equally seen as just another symptom of America's inflation problem and of a growing mistrust in all currencies. Several people have already been badly hurned when the gold price sank \$ 40 recently. A gold crash cannot be ruled out but it is not thought likely and, even if it happened, aoalysts do not think it would bring the house down

There is, however, ooe area that is expanding fast both in volume and in speculative risk and that is the commodity futures market. The flight from currencies, the fragility of the stock market, the fear of what one expert called 'topless inflation', and man's perennial fascination for the spin of the wheel have contributed to enormous growth in this market.

Since August the price of silver has risen by 91 per cent, sugar (of which there is a world glut) by 42 per ceot, copper and coffee by 11 per cent and wheat and cocoa by 7 per cent. Chicago is the main ceoter for what one Wall Street journalist described as the 'most apeculative and most dangerous' area of the economy today. The New York Stock Exchange is planning to open a commodity futures market next year, eager for the husiness but also worries about the unsettling effect this speculation has on husiness as a whole.

The expanding scope of this market is ahwon by the fact that it is also dealing in things that are not strictly commodities at all, such as interest rates, and business is already in the billions. Washington has established a regulatory agency, the Commodity Futures Trading Commissioo, and there is no

doubt that this is where the action is today. The bottom line among those who study, watch and perhaps dream about the baffling alchemy of market forces in this citadel of capitalism appears to be a hlend of confusion tinged with despair. 'The markets don't lend themselves to analysis,' says one such observer. A psychologist might do better than us in today's climate.

Fiat showdown over

ROME, Nov. 4 (OFNS) — The Fiat motor company, Italy's biggest private employer, has sparked off a major industrial showdown with organized labot. Last week the company sacked 61 workers alleged to have fomented factory violence and suspended all future factory

recruitment. Union leaders have appealed to Prime Minister Francesco Cossiga to intervene, but the Fiat management says it is standing fast and will not reinstate known troublemakers.

Exasperated by political terrorism which has taken the lives of three of its senior managers and led to the injuring of 19 others in the past four years, Fiat has taken the unprecedented step of issuing dismissal notices to workers whom it considers responsible for violence, intimidation and damage to company

Fiat says it is prepared to supply police and property. union representatives with chapter and verse about each worker accused of causing the company 'moral and material damage.'

The union reply was a series of strikes and stoppages at all Fiat's factories and a threat of legal action. But support for the strikes was uneven and it is clear that many of Fiat's 250,000 workers share the management's concern about shop floor violence.

Fiat also announced the suspension of recruitment until industrial relations improve. Last year Fiat created 10,000 new vacancies to help ease the country's chronic unemployment problem.

In the opinion of management there is only a thin dividing line between factory violence and the political terrorism which continues to

violence

plague the northern Italian industrial city of

Turin.
The latest victim, Cesare Varetto, an official responsible for trade union relations at the Mirafiori body plant, a hotbed of extremists politics, was shot in the legs outside his home

In a communique the Red Brigades warned that anyone appointed to take Varetto's place would meet the same fate worse. The Red Brigades were in action in last week - at the Milan factory of the owned Alfa Romeo car company, when workers were dismissed for persistent at

During the night shift, slogans such as The ses, you are digging your graves, were sprayed on office buildings, and 400 copies of a Red Brigades booklet were left inside the factory

Fiat is not accusing the workers it has sacked of being terrorists, but of creating the conditions which allow terrorism to flourish. When, the Red Brigades first appeared in the early 1970s they used to inflict exemplary punish ments on factory managers, and police believe there are active cells of urban guernili-

groups inside Fiat factories.
The sacked workers bitterly cootest the company's accusations. One anooymon worker, who received his notice last week protested: 'There are Red Brigades inside Fig but I am not one of them and I do not know them. I don't believe you can change things?"

Italy by shooting people. 'I hope the unions will stand firm, and it only to save my job. If the unions give in it; Red Brigades will be able to say: You see, with our guns are the only ones to defend it

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description No. of Price Contact Tender SR Date
Municipality of Taif	Supply of wired 200 Now Enclosures for the protection of plants
Municipality of Buraidah	Supply of various types vehicles Supply of various types of equipment and machinery
Municipality of Al-Bekairiah	Asphalting, paving and illuminating of Medina/ Buraidah road
Islamic University, Medina	Paving and lighting of 9 100 Nov. inner streets of the university
Directorate of Education, Al-Washm	Supply of scout's uniforms 5/17-Nov.4 for 79/80

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FOR A SHAVE THAT'S A WIN



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	February 1983 90.8 4 September 1983 94.24 5 squart 1986 80.12 5 November 1988 88.0 6 s Appust 1987-92 74.16	98.16 UP4 95.0 LP4 86.20 UP 12 88.8 DN 2	Comp Ass Milans	3M. 62% all, Flavours. 194 all, Harvester 564 all, Min. & Chem. 544 all, Min. & Chem. 574 all, Paper 377 all, Tel. & Tel. 254 alte Bank Uorp. 33	19 36'a 54'a 37'a 25'a	RSN-Gervals Danone RSN-Ger	35 1559 04 1392 .50 35.50 .00 17.90 .00 140.00	Fairfax I-race Brus. Hamersley Hanismex Hooker	1.49 1.42 1.93 1.94 1.35 1.35 2.00 2.10 0.38 0.89 4.04 6.00	Cathodes Cash	941-942 965-966 953-954 976-977	20 Day Mayling Average 195,68 196,20 10 Her Mild Rubestas 190,46 191,11 Colombiane 211,00 212,50 I as as hed Arabicas 212,00 214,50 Congp. Dailly Prices 11968) 196,53 199,83 Bremen-Hamburg Price 211,47 211,51
-	4s. November 1994 96.24 6 August 2003-2008 83.4 5 November 2003-2008 86.0 4 May 2004-2009 89.24	97.8 DN 16 83.20 UP 16 96.21 UPCH 96.8 DN 5	Flat Prix 1885 1882 Je Finsider 101.00 94.50 Je Lica Asale, 43000 41190 Je Cen. Immobilaire 76.00 77.25 Je 18P 825 Je	eff. Pilat 314 ruel Co. 234 shins Mans ille . 21 shinson & Johnson 68's mathan Lugan 10 ys Manafacturing 27's	31 % 20 ; 22 % 68 %	X-TF-Abrales 118 Club Med. 37.1 Ste Bancaire 385 CGE 342 CCF 164 LTC 127 Generale Equy 428	.00	Lend Lease Magellan Mauri Bros Metals Exploration	2.85 (NT) 2.70 2.76 0.84 0.83 0.95 0.97 3.42 3.45 1.05 1.08	LEAD :	ال مناهن £ per toute	RUBBER John Pence per Kilo December 61.50-64.65 61.30-63.90 January 65.10-65.25 61.30-64.40
		R FLOATERG RATES ISSUES Et Internationale d'investigement BAII1 November 2 Maturity Bid/AsAed	Italeement — 19 (00 K Italeas 743 740,00 K Italeas 743 740,00 K Italeas 743 740,00 K Italeas 7430 39,00 K 1400 14300 K 1400 14300 K 14100 14100 K 14100 14100 K 14100 14100 K 14100 K 14100	Mart Uorp	24 % 10 81.	Elf-Aquitalue 110 Esso 248. Ferndo 126. Fin Paribas 227. Fr. Petroles 283. Listeries Lafayett: 152.	04 1184 .50 245.00 .00 322.00 .00 226.50	Vicholas Laternational Nth. BH Oakbridge Dil Search	1.56 1.58 2.58 2.65 1.08 1.10 3.05 3.15 2.60 2.6.1 0.10 0.18 4.00 14.60	Clash	. 505-585.5 585-586	January-Viarch 65:55-65:00 65:30-66:30 April-Jame 69:10 69:10 69:15 68:30-66:30 July-September 71:45-71:55 70:65-70:70 July-September 71:00-73:95 71:20-73:25 January-Viarch 76:40-76:45 75:70-75:75 April-June 78:90-78:45 78:30-78:45 July-September 81:25-81:30 80:46-80:95
	bli Bank Kuwakt 11 15/ b Intl. Bank 11% rec do Brissii 11% rec Union 12 15/ idhovy 11 13/ idhovy 11 13/	83 %6%—17% 82 98%—99 16 83 98—98%	Directi	imberles Clark 41': raft Inc. 40': ruger Co. 19'- TV Corp. 7's ear Siepler 18': UF Company 25':	19 ¹ , 7 ¹ , 18 ¹ ,	Hachette	.90 64.00 .00 115.90 .80 70.08 .00 246.00 38 1520	Peko-Wallsead Phillip Morris Ploneer Concrete Queensland Mines	4.00 14.60 6.90 6.90 NT1 5.90 1.90 1.95 6.98 6.80 5.00 15.00 1.22 1.22	Cash	2816-2820 2866-2865	اسکر خام RAW SUGAR اسکر خام Sugar Pref.
	azilowy 12 3/1 Nal. Algerie 15 9/1 Fest. Algerie 11 v. i. P. 12 9/1 vredma Banka 12 inti Generale 13 1/4 L.A.F. 16 15/	6 82 98—984 04 97%—97% 6 77-83 99%—99% 85 97%—998 6 84 98%—99	StP. 1225.00 1225.00 U Sain 820.50 822.00 U	igget Group	22% 23% 47% 15	Locafrance 212 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	,90 661.08 ,70 62.30 ,16 51.20 30 830 ,90 510.08	Robe Santos Sekrust H.C. Sleigh Southera Southland Mining	1_21	SILVER Cash Three months		December 169, 70-16%, 60 168, 60-167, 38 March 175, 50-175, 40 173, 60-173, 50 Vay 175, 60-175, 20 173, 60-173, 35 Vajust 175, 35-175, 20 174, 75-174, 31 Detoher 176, 75-176, 30 175, 35-175, 30 Total: 5, 202 Market tone: bregalar
	ATTI DINAR BOND MARKET — (AP-DJ) — The Kuwaki Disur Interna- house well below average, the Arab Comme	though Bond Market witnessed a very quiet week with my for Trading Securities reports.	Stock 31 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 3 1		29 % 45 % 17 % 18 % 36 % 22 %	Mamm 400 Nobel-Bozel 47. Nobel-Est 36. Olida 175. PUK 97. Persod Ricard 246.	.00 463.00 .00 45.50 .50 36.00 .09 172.80 .50 97.38	Swan Theke TNT Toutheys Touth	1NT1 5.06 1.48 1.48 6.30 6.50 1.95 1.95 1.64 1.65 1.80 1.80	TIN	36 Warrants 126 Warrants Market steady	WOOL
	rates that occurred during the week. The manney was offered over 10 percent levelent.	in their minute year was, use the separation of the po- page month interbunk rate moved up to 9% from 8% et. Higher interest rates led to a decline in boad prices redish electrical equipment manufacturer started on e week it closed at 97%—97%. The 4 million Kawaiti	Acina Life & Cass	Intshushita	74 43 261:2 251:4	Perrier 301. Pregent Circum 270. Pregent Circum 243. Pricel 243. Printemps 115. Radar 548.	.00 279.99 .00 247.88 .50 249.08 .00 115.90 .00 549.00	Waltons Weeks Westfleld WMC Woodside Pete	0.67 0.67 5.10 (NT) (NT) (NT) 1.53 3.55 1.90 1.97 1,47 1.46	Standard Cash Three months Sales	7468-7470 7925-7936	May
	Recent Kuwait D Compon Voden1 1Mesico1 8	Finar Bond Issues Maturity Price 1,10.59 97%-97% 15.06.25/96 %%-96%	Alcoa	lerch Co. 66% (GM	18 134 495 583	Radiotech. 326. Radi. ICie. Fsei 174. Radir. St. Louis 132. Redoute a Roubels 457. Rhone Poulenc 143. Roussel-UCLAF 238. Sacilio 26.	.56 175.00 .20 134.90 .00 440.00 .00 143.00 .00 238.00	ZURICA	losing Closing	High Grade Cash Three months Sales	7480-7490 7625-7635	COTTON October 30 Liverpool cotton shipment offered prices in U.S. cepts per pound (previous feets in brackets) as supplied by a leading trading company.
	intionale de Paris 7% (France) 8 Iorocco) 8% Iorocco) 8% (Algeriul 8% as 18 exzii) 9% (muicinalities 7%	15.06.29 95—96½ 15.09.34 95—66½ 1.08.88 93½—94½ 15.08.39 94½—95 15.11.38/90 95½—95½ 15.10.85/90 95½—95¾	Amer. Cun. 35% 35°, 3 mer. Cyanamid 30 20° 3 Amer. Cyanamid 10° 19° 3 Amer. Elec. Pow. 10° 19° 27° 27° 3 mer. Home Prod. 27° 27° 31° 31° 32° 31° 31° 34 mer. Motors 7° 7° 7° 8		46 48 h 61 h 28 h 22 h	Sagam 708. Sagam 708. Sagam 708. Sagam 136. SAT 115. Schneider 115. Skis Roesignul 120. Sagarap 189.	.00 708,00 .00 133,80 .00 461,60 .00 157,50 05 1200	Alusuhse BOV (Bearer) Boebrie Ciba Geigy (Bearer) Ciba Geigy (Non-voting)	Price Swiss F7s. 1250 1246 1860 1865 3465 2465 1255 1260 1030 1015 640 695	ZINC Cash		Major shipping origins. Twesday included: U.S. Memphis 11 1/16 inch strict middling). You-Dec 77.75 offered UNCH1. U.S. California 11 % inch strict middling. Nos-Dec 80.80 offered UNCH1. Soviet 11 1/16 inch strict middling.
	na 18catzi) (maicipallities 7½ (/Rep. of) 8½ (/Rep. of) 7½ (Rep. of) 7½ eal Estatz Sank 7½ velopment Bank 7½ in Hetevy lad. 7½ oppmentallenat. 7½	15.97.56/91 97%—97% 15.06.88 95%—95% 16.07.83/86 95%—96% 15.03.84/89 95—95% 1.00.84 15.05.89 95%—95%	Amer. Nal. Res	ational Can. 19% ant. Distillers 25% autional Steel 30% agtornas 28% aewmont 27% oorfolis 6, Western 22%	19*2 25% 26% 28% 28% 22년	Sommer 110. Sace 275. Themson-Brandt 216. LTA 153. Usinor 13. Vallourec 167.	.00 275.50 .90 216.00 .00 152,00 .80 13.70	Electrowatt Fischer (George) Jelmoll (Fr. 180) Landis Gyr (Reg)	22.36 22.40 2100 2190 755 760 1425 1415 1306 1400 3400 3380	Sales		Nov-Dec 00.00 offered WNCHs. Gigs 66 FG, 138.85 offered UNCHs. Sedan Barnket 11% inch. Nov-Dec No. 3B, 121.40 offered (UNCHs. Nov-Dec No. 5B, 114.90 offered (UNCHs. Nov-Dec No. CoB, 101.90 offered (UNCHs. Nov-Dec No. CoB, 101.90 offered (UNCHs.
1	al Inti. Finance 8½ y of) 7½ 8½ 85 Dev. Bank 8½ power Co. 7½	15.05.87/91 94%—95 15.12.90 95%—95% 15.17.90 95%—95% 1.10.85/90 96—96% 15.09.89 96%—96%	Atl. Richifield 72's 73's Navo Corp. 30's 31's Navo Corp. 30's 31's 41's 41's 68 Bank of NY 20's 33's 68	Arthurst Airlines 27% 27% 25	254, 15 244, 31%	Foreign Lisues BASF	.60 328.00 .80 248.60 .15 27.50 .10 80.60	Suizer (Reg) Suizeair (Bearer) Swiss Bank Corp Swiss Re-Ig (Bearer)	4150 4175 2855 2850 786 786 384 389 5880 6008	Stoc World Europe	k Market Indices Oct. 31	Paragnay (1 3/32 loch). Nov-Dec UNO Mexico (1 1/16 inch strict middling). Nov-Dec 77.75 offered (UNUH). Culumbia Caustal Crop (1 3/32 loch).
1	3 months 9% bid 0 6 month I year 9 bid 0 2 year	Ramk Certificates of Deposit to 9th hid #0 9 months 9th hid to 9 hid #0 3 years 9 hid	Rankers Trust N1	Divers Filipois 174 PG Ind 394 Pacific Gas & El: 221 Pacific Lighting 1978 Pag An World Air 64	10% 30% 33% 19% 6%	Nestle 88. Norsk-Hydre 574. Petrofina 767. Pulifips 46. Pres. Brand 184. Royal Datch 320.	.00 565.00 .00 775.00 .60 46.95 .50 186.30	Winthur Ace (Bearer) Zurich Ins (Bearer)	3350 3378 3445 2440 13650 13600 273 275 7000 7075	U.S. [1] U.K. Japan Canada (2) Germany	112.0 112.8 DN 7.3 148.2 148.2 DN 5.4 243.7 241.5 DN 1.7 149.9 CNO DN 9.8 85.4 85.3 DN 5.2	ROTTERDAM WHEAT & SOYBEAN MEAL
1	U.S. W ber 2 Dollar Sterling 3	German Duich Swim French Igrik Guider Franc	Bell & Howell	Penney J. C. 25½	36% 231 ₂ 361 ₄	RTZ	.00 34.80 .00 601.00 .20 30.70 .00 251.50	receive news	70000 707 <i>5</i> 0 S	France Australia Spain Switzerland Netherlands	113.0 111.8 DN 8.8 91.7 90.7 UP 1.3 52.J 52.7 DN 4.4 94.1 94.7 DN 2.9 86.7 86.6 DN J.5	Prices 1 IF: 10.1 5 No. 2 Numbern and/or Northern Dark Springs Prices in U Shollars
1 10	omiles 15%—15% 15%—15% 8% Dec. 15%—15% 15%—15% 8%	8-8\(\)	Boise Cascade	Tillips Petroleum 45 "liney Bowes 25 Peteston Ca. 211 Pan Research 51 Polaroid 25 Proter Gamble 741	345 345 315 55 25 25	(Tos Nov Pri	, 2 Nov. I ce Singapore 5	(NT) ≈ Not Traded, SUS UNAV = Unavailable xc ≈ Ex scrip issue, xd BOND6	EP = Suspended. L. xa = Ex all. = Ex dividend.	italy Belgium Sweden Norway Denotark Amstria	57.7 57.4 DN 6.3 109.6 108.9 DN 1.9 96.0 95.0 DN 0.3 231.8 233.6 UP 10.2 127.4 127.8 DN 1.5 128.6 128.5 UP 3.9	January 233.00 233.00 February 255.00 235.00 SOYMEAL U.S.
0	Eurodollars: Oversight 105/16—103/16; 7: three months 13%—1511/16; six month 1 wann; hall, a wee for you, of deceast; or	days fixed 14 1.716—14 11/16; one month to 1/16—16; bs 15 h15' 1; one year 14 5/16—14 3/16 month 1515' 1; three months 15' 215' 1; mire years 12' h12' of the years 11' h11' u	Branswick 12" 12" Resc on Erie 18" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19" 19	rocter Gambe 19 yuli, Serie Elect. 19 yuliman 36 junior (ba) 25% Gt a Corp. 21%	19 37 2514	Nema INT Bonstead A.2 Bushi Linlang 2.0 Uyde & Larringe 3.4	Ti (NT) 26 3,26 Ii (NT) 17 (NT)	Selection of Eurodollar up from source. Kuwait Bond Market and Bond Issues updated when at	recent Knwaki Dinar	11 Index con	NVSE 121 TSE terred to 1 Jan 1970 Base Jan 1970 equals 100	Spot

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SOCIETY

SMALL

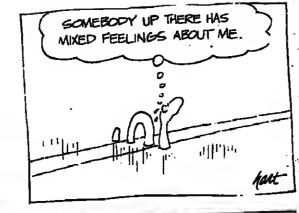
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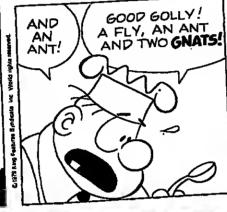






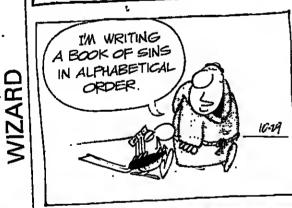
















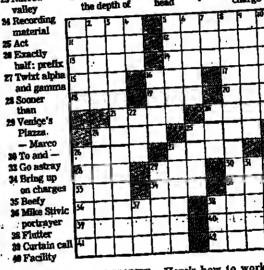
Dennis the Menace



FRANKLY, MRS. MITCHELL, I THOUGHT DENNIS' MOTHER WOULD BE A MUCH MORE WEARY-LOOKING WOMAN."

CROSSWORD

Gossword by THOMAS JOSEPH 41 Muffle 42 Czech rive 5 Did a knitting job 11 Nevada city 8 Golden book 4 Travail of offend as lava 13 FIt s Stage 14 Slip by 15 Ottor Terry official 16 Wool source tree fibe 17 Seat for baby 21 Obtain 18 Ivy Leagner 24 Earthly 19 Sty old style 28 Look over 25 Gainsay 21 Want 23 Narrow the depth 34 Recordi material



slave's 103

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR b LONGFELLOW

One tetter simply stands for another. In this sample A is sed for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, postrophes, the length and formation of the words are all apostrophes, the length and formation of thinis. Each day the code letters are different. CHYPTOOUOTES

IEXIYUIOBI QIKBWIA K AQYRON FIFRYZ UA LSJNFIOQ . - FUBWIV

F R O Q K U N O I Yesterday's Cryptoquete: THE BEST WAY I KNOW OF TO WIN AN ARGUMENT IS TO START BY BEING IN THE RICHT __ LOGO RAIT SHAM

Roses Believe H or Not OF AMERICAN PAINTER CHARLES WILLSON PEALE WAS IMMORTALIZED WHEN HE DEPICTED HER WEEPING OVER THEIR DEAD CHILD EARLY AMERICAN INNS

POLDEST KNOWN CITY PLAN A TABLET CARRYING THE PLAN FOR THE ENTIRE CITY OF NIPPUR, IN MESOPOTAMIA, CREATED IN 1500 B.C.



THEY CHANGED THE LINEN

EVERY 2 WEEKS

A Question of Probabilities

th dealer. NORTH

· 🗣 19 9

SOUTH

bidding: West North Pass 2 NT

method most likely to succeed. Practically every

cards are divided. If he has no reliable clues to guide him on this point, he depends mostly

this principle. Very often leclarer's decision depends o

ow he thinks the del

queen with the king and Sout later lost two diamond trick

South wine with the ace. South wins will the aca, leads a spade to the eight, ruffs a heart high, leads a spade to the nine, ruffs another a heart high, establishing dummy's fifth the stablishing dummy's fifth t discards his jack of clubs of the eight of hearts. This method of play give

clarer an excellent cha for the contract whenever the hearts are divided 3-3 (35 per cent) or 4-2 (48 per cent). The much more attractive than the

PHARMACIES

(Open Monday Night) Rajihi Bldg Kilo 5, Mecca Road

JEDDAH Al-Nasr Drug Store Al-Nada Drug Store National Pharmacy MECCA

Mecca Pharmacy Abdul Rahim Bawazir Drug Store Al-Salahi Drug Store DAMMAM Al-Hayat Pharmacy AL-KHOBAR Al-Shifa Drug Store HOFUF

Hajar Drug Store

King Abdul Aziz St. Al-Hafayer Ajiyad

> Al-Sulaimaulah Al-Adamah locality King Rhaled St.

Municipality Circle

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

MONDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asst	Viaghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:14	6:29	12:11	3:25	5:46	7:16
Medina		6:31	12:12	3:23	5:43	7:13
Nejd		6:01	11:37	2:59	5:10	6:40

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show 5:32 Grizzly Adams 6:20 Candid Camera Safety Film

6:42 BBS 7:31 Survival 8:25 Persuaders 9:12 against the Wind Elec Co. No. 515 Woman in the Wilderness The Electric Girl Driver Fatigue Why do We feel this Way? Hunters of the Plains Anyone can Play

The following Parson

VOA

P.VI.

8:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities: Optnion: Analyses 8:30 Dateline

News Summary 9:(ii) Special English: News, Feature. The Vaking of a Nation News Sun nary 9:50 Music USA:

(Standards) 10:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities 10.05 Opening Analyses

News Summary 1(); il) VOC Magazine: America : Science : Cultural : Letter 11:00 Special English: News 11::0 Music USA: (Jazz)

VOA WORLD REPORT

\fidnight

12:00 News newsmakers voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in ...2 noter band On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter hand

MONDAY

Afternoon Transmission

2:00 Opening 2:01 Holy Ouran

2:05 Gerns of Guidance 2:10 Champions of Solidarity 2:20 On Islam

2:30 Melody Time

3:00 NEWS 3:10 Press Review

5:15 Music 5:20 Arabic Songs

:: 0 selection of Music s:50 Close Down Evening Transmission 9:00 Opening

9:01 Holy Quran

9:05 Message to the Faithful 9:10 Light Virse

9:15 A Chat and a Song 9:45 Pioneers of snowledge

9:55 Music 10:00 Youth Welfare

10:10 Music

10:15 NEWS

10:25 S. Chronicle 10:50 The Evening show

11:00 Imp., Con & Recollections

11:10 Music 11:15 In Concert

11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams 12:00 Close Down

(French Service)

Viorning Transmission 8:00 Ouverture

8:02 Lumiere sur le Coran 8:15 Musique

8: ii) Bonjour 8:55 Varietes

8:45 Orient et Occident 8:55 Varietes

9 45 Musique

9:00 Informations 9:10 Lumière sur les Infornations 9:15 Varietes 9:30. Rapports hu nains en Isla n

19:58 Cloture

7:(10) ouverture 7:02 Versets et Con nentaire

7:15 Musique 1:50 Coutes et recets

7:45 Chansons panachees 8:15 Jeunesse et Sport 8:20 Varietes 8:30 Informations

Evening Transmi

8:40 Revue de Presse 8:45 Musique 8:55 Cloture

BBC

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News 8.09 Twenty-Four Hours

News Summary 8.30 Sarah Ward 8:45 World Today 9.(8) Newsdesk

11.09 Reflections

9.30 Opera Star 10.00 World News 10.09 Twenty-Four Hours

News Summary 10.30 Sarah Ward 10.45 Something to Show You 1).00 World News

11.15 Piano Style 11.30 Brain of Britain 1978 12.00 World News 12.09 British Press Review

12.15 World Today 12.30 Financial News 12.40 Look Ahead

12.45 The Tony Myatt **Evening Transmission**

1.15 Ulster in Focus 1.30 Discovery

2.00 World News

2.09 News about Britain 2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curros 2.30 Sports International

2.40 Radio Newsreel 3.15 Promende Concert 3.45 Sports Round-up 4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary

4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Religion 6.00 Radio Newsreel

6.15 Outlook 7.(X) World News 7.09 Commentary 7.15 Sherlock Holmes 7.45 World Today

8.00 World News 8.09 Books and Writers 8.30 Take One

8.45 Sports Round-up 9.()() World News 9.09 News about Britain 9.15 Radio Newsreel

9.30 Farming World 10.00 Outlook News Summary 10.39 Stock Market Report 10.43 Look Ahead 10.45 Ulster in Focus

11.10 World News 11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary

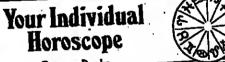
12.15 Talkabout 12.45 Nature Notebook 1.00) World News

1.09 World Today 1.25 Financial News 1.35 Book Choice 1.40 Reflections

1.45 Sports Round-up

2.(8) World News 2.09 Commercing

2.15 The Face of England



Frances Drake ...

What had of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth

Horoscope

ARIES
(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
Not a time for winning arguments or getting others to understand. Do your best to avoid confrontations. Be

TAURUS
(Apr. 20 to May 20)
Consider ideas of close allies re joint accounts, but don't be hured into spending more than you can afford, esp on

(May 21 to June 20)
Someone close wants a sign from you that were from you that you care. Don't be a flatterer, but do shar: sentiments. Don't be careless

in speech. CANCER CANCER
June 21 to July 22)
You can't avoid problems now. Be open to talk about work projects and employee relations. Be conservative in

spending. LEO
Lindy 33 to Aug. 221
Still life brings romantic
entions. Enjoy fellowship, but watch a tendency to go overboard, esp with finances.

VIRGO
(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)
Be considerate of family when making career plans.

FOR MONDAY, MOVENBER 5, 1979

One idea seems unrealistic. Keep expansion scheme within practical limits. (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
You're not in the mood for advice, but listen anyway.

Travel plans may have to be revised. Don't pull the wool over your own eyes. SCORPIO
(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)
Joint planning requires cooperative efforts with associates. A friend has an unrealistic proposal. Avoid tendencies to be antisocial. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Ref. Pay attention to needs of

close ones. A friend could be require a more cautious of conservative approach. CAPRICORN

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

Be amenable to the suggestions of co-workers. Get

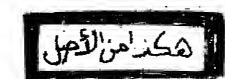
a second opinion about health matters if necessary Don't take things for granted.

AQUARIUS

Jan. 20 to Feb. 10) You may be undecided about a romantic question.
Yet pay no heed to the advice

PISCES
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Don't let family concerns
make you forget career
priorities. A state of priorities. A close ally has an enthusiastic, but perhaps unrealistic proposal.





In Sa Kaew, Thalland, a young Cambodian mother waits in line until a doctor can see her baby. By the time she reached the door of the makeshift clinic, her child was dead.



own Princess Sonja of Norway joins Franz Saksvik, the leader of a campaign for the refugees which sed \$ 14 million from 4 million Norwegians



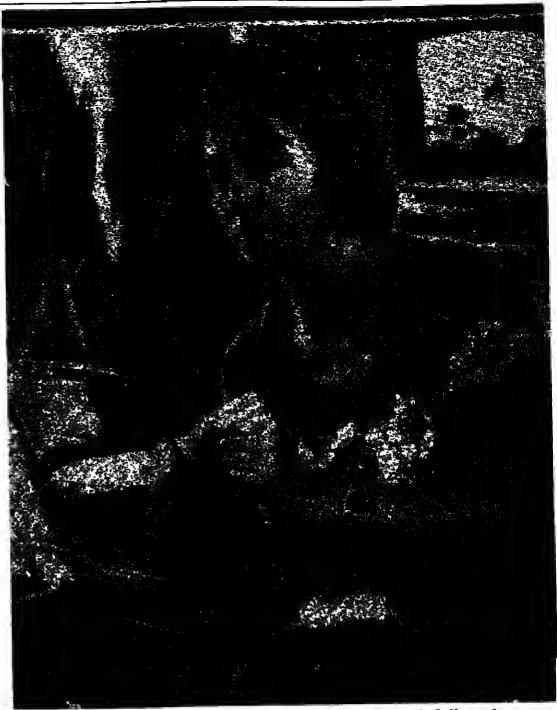
n Tanwrik. Thailand, a young Cambodian woman sits beside her husband who is being fed intravenously

because he is too weak to eat

Asia in anguish

Though there is no problem of supply with Thailand, one of the world's largest granaries, next door, the distribution of food to the starving Cambodians is difficult in a country at war.

The people are fleeing.



Mrs. Inne Grober, an American volunteer, nurses a small, starving baby at the Sa Kaew refugee camp



Joan Baez, who is raising money for Asian refugees, greets Senator Edward Kennedy and Chip Carter at a Washington reception for a relief organization



And they come by sea . . . an unconscious Vietnamese woman is carried aboard an American ship after drifting for 30 days without food or water





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International

20 killed, 40 wounded

Opposition to Natusch grows amid reports of fierce fighting in Bolivia

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Nov. 4 (Agencies) — Elements of the Bolivian armed forces are threatening coup leader Col. Alberto Natusch for power amid signs that Natusch is having second thoughts himself about the military takeover he led last Thursday.

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Heavy shooting broke out around the Presidential Palace early Sunday morning, and the Red Cross said at least 20 persons were killed and 40 wounded in clashes between army units loyal to Natusch, those opposing him, and civilian opponents of his govern-

Armored cars and tanks from units backing Natusch returned to the streets late Saturday night on orders of Natusch's hand-picked military chief.

They opened fire on workers and students who had erected barricades about six blocks from the Presidential Palace, then took up positions around the palace in an apparent attempt to safeguard the four-day old military government.

Journalists and other civilians at the palace were told to leave just after midnight when reports began-circulating that, a column of tanks was heading for the government huild-ing in a bid to evict Natuseb.

Some of the tanks surrounding the palace were dispatched to an area two kilometers north of the huilding where the column of tanks was reportedly stopped, and several minutes later artillery fire could be heard coming from that direction.

The fighting broke out soon after Natusch imposed martial law, censorship and a curfew in the capital at the end of a day which saw him come under pressure from various military and civilian factions to resign.

Military leaders pressing for his resignation proposed two sharply differing alternatives. Sources at the palace said a faction led by former dictator Gen. Hugo Banzer was pressing for the installation of a right-wing milit-

deteriorating situation in the Latin American The United States has already suspended most of its economic aid and all of its military aid to Bolivia, and the State Department has

said it deplores the "interruption of democracy in Bolivia. In La Paz, Natusch is considering resign-

ary government in place of Natusch's self-

Another faction, led by deposed armed forces commander Gen. David Padilla, was

seeking a return to civilian rule in Bolivia,

which has seen over 200 coups in its 154 years

Guevara, installed by the Bolivian Congress

in August as the nation's first civilian leader

Guevara, overthrown in Thursday's coup.

was reported in hiding and still insisting that

his government was the only legal one in the

country. He was issuing decrees in defiance of

Natusch, including one calling on the Boli-. vian Congress to meet Monday.

see if Congress holds the meeting Monday

before deciding what to do about the

In Washington, U.S. officials are waiting to

Padilla remained loyal to President Walter

proclaimed left-wing regime.

of independence.

in more than a decade.

ing, according to a source who met with Natusch Saturday. Natusch spent almost Saturday meeting

with military commanders, political advisers, cabinet ministers and friends.

The source, asking not to be named, said the meetings were the result of a crisis of confidence in which all major political parties, two ex-presidents, unions and students have rejected his government.

one official, "it doesn't bear too much close

babwe Rhodesia peace talks have not been without progress.

It's been eight weeks of tense, and often bitter argument, culminating in a crisis over what happens to the warring armies during pre-independence elections and Britain's rejection of guerrilla demands for a United Nations peace-keeping force.

Minister Abel Muzorewa.

em African territory directly, has let itself in for something so risky that, in the words of contemplation — otherwise we might be the ones to talk out." But if things look risky for Britain, they are

positively fraught for the two parties, seeking power on a continent where constitutions are vulnerable and not many jobs going for opposition leaders.

The argument therefore boils down to the terms each side thinks will enable it to win the

The British insist their plan is probably the last hope to end a seven-year war inflicting misery on the country's 7 million blacks and 230,000 whites and threatening the entire.

Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, conference chairman, has argued through hours of talks that the proposals give both sides a fair chance in a poll watched by Commonwealth observers and the press.

The plan calls for a governor to use the current police force to keep law and order during a two-month election campaign with both armies responsible for maintaining a

Muzorewa has accepted the plan, despite the huge concession of having to stand down and risk losing the poll to the Communistbacked Front

Muzorewa, an American-educated Methodist hishop, says the war is getting worse and he needs an end to economic sanc-

Carrington - who avoids the word ultimatum — "expects," and will demand an answer from the Front within days of the conference's entering its ninth week Mon-

If the Front says no, the talks will collapse, but the guerrillas can walk out only if they get the nod from their war-weary African backers, the five "Frontline" states.

Most of the frontliners want the Front to stay. This is particularly true of hankrupt Tanzania which needs millions of dollars of Western aid, and Zambia, needing southern supply through Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

The unimaginable disaster which pefallen the people of Cambodia the world watches horrified and see helpless, has covered up a disaster of much smaller scale in the Egyptian con tryside, where a number of people in been killed, tens of thousands render homeless and almost the whole of sugar cane yield, the life blood of the lahin of those areas, destroyed.

Nothing to compare to Cambodia re tainly. Aid to the people of Cambodia Kampuchea as it is sometimes called no has certainly to come first. The inte tional community, the Arab county included, are faced with the urgent to save a whole nation from extinction ple are demanding that an end be p the political complications which so shackle the efforts of the interna

relief agencies. But, of course, human suffering quantifiable. And the Arabs special faced with the task of helping the per try of Egypt in their hour of need i bere again, a political consideral appears to make the task less straight ward. The dilemma in this case is po the Arab boycott of the Egyptian give ment, and the way this can be said decide the matter in favour of leaving fellaheen to their own devices (not) can be expected from the gover

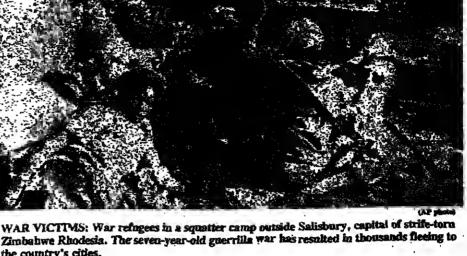
The story which comes to mind someone lecturing a drowning man nestly on his negligence or foolishing lack of swimming skills. The drop man rightly, can only splutter back, me first, then lecture to your hearts. tent." Similarily, an Egyptian person with bome and crop destroyed can a look to his brother Arabs for helps would be rightly disgusted if all received were lectures on his gow

ment's misdeeds. Some would argue that such aid as vate and public Arab purses may s might be appropriated by the governm and used by it to further its own abhor ends. Or, alternatively, that that gow ment would dispense that aid as thou

came from the generosity of its own he But this misses the point, which is the fellaheen of Egypt the Arab people are with them in t plight. If aid reaches them, well and g - even if their government deman gratitude for its largesse in return. does not, then they will know that ti hrothers in the Arab world have then their heart, and that it is their men

Cairo who are trying to hide this lact No one in the Arab world suffered much, and as uncomplainingly for Arab cause than the Egyptian fellalt. one gave so much love and blood Palestine as he has. It is simply with able that, for whatever reason, the A world is to do nothing now that he at

Translated from Ashara Al-Awsat.



Zimbahwe Rhodesia. The seven-year-old guerrilla war has resulted in thousands fleeing to the country's cities.

Rhodesia deadlock

Awaiting the Front's reply

LONDON, Nov. 4 (AP) — Desprte appearances, the British-sponsored Zim-

But concessions have been made by both the Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance and the beleaguered hiracial administration of Prime

And Britain, by offering to rule the South-

Upset over Baker

Bush takes Maine test vote PORTLAND, Maine, Nov. 4 (AP) -George Bush, former director of the U.S.

Central Intelligence Agency, won a nonbinding Republican Party presidential pre-ference poll Saturday, edging out Tennessee Sen. Howard Baker for an upset victory. Bush got 34.8 per cent of the vote cast by

Republican Party convention to 33.3 per cent : for Baker. Obviously shocked at his 40-vote loss, Baker, the Senate Minority Leader,

340 representatives at the state of Maine's

nevertheless predicted he eventually will pull into the lead. Baker had been expected to win the preference hallot handily on the strength of the vigorous and personal lobhying support he

got from maine's popular Republican Sen. William S. Cohen. Baker, who formally announced his candidacy on Thursday, had brought along a plane

load of reporters for the convention. He had just finished a two-day campaign swing to Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont and Maine. At each stop, with the exception of heavily Democratic Boston, Baker was mobbed by groups of enthusiastic supporters.

Baker was counting on the psychological momentum of a victory to give his budding campaign financial and more national sup-

Bush and Baker are both middle-of-theroad Republicans with similar positions on many issues, including their opposition to the SALT II treaty with Russia to limit strategic

Former Texas Gov. John Connally finished third with 17.6 per cent of the vote, while Ronald Reagan, considered the national front-runner for the nomination and the only major candidate who did not appear at the all-day session, finished fourth with 7.3 per

Although Saturday's vote was not hinding.



George Bush

Republican officials characterized it as a fairly accurate "barometer" of current feeling in the state.
The state's Republicans will choose 21

delegates to the 1980 Republican National Convention at a convention in April.

In another development which may have political implications, President Jimmy Carter's domestic affairs adviser, Stuart Eizenstat, told Jewish labor leaders Saturday that the Carter administration will begin a program next year to provide financial support for Soviet Jews emigrating to Israel.

Eizenstat, addressing 500 trade unionists at the National Committee for Labor-Israel's luncheon at the New York Hilton, mentioned the plan to illustrate the administration's commitment to human rights, but it could also help Carter with Jewish voters angered hy his Middle East policies.

"We are working on the details," the Carter adviser later said, adding that the plan is expected to be announced in January.

The aid is an extension of a current \$ 20 million dollar program which helps resettle Soviet Jews in this country, he said.

The current one-year-old plan provides \$ 1,000 dollars to each emigrating family on a matching basis with local groups, according to Eizenstat.

The new program will be administered hy either the State Department or the Department of Health, Education and Welfare and grew out of the increasing financial burden emigrating Soviet Jews are imposing on Israel, be said.

"We can't provide them anything near as much as we provide them here," Eizenstat said, adding that specific details on funding had not been decided.

Over NATO missiles Soviets cautioned to cool rhetoric BONN: Nov. 4 (Agencies) - West Ger-

man Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, reacting to a Soviet propaganda barrage aimed at blocking deployment of U.S. medium range nuclear missiles in Westem Europe, appealed to the Communist states Sunday not to worsen the East-West negotiating climate. "We appeal to the East to take seriously

our will to negotiate as we are taking seriously the announcement by General Secretary Brezhnev that he is willing to negotiate," Genscher said in a statement distributed by his Free Democratic Party. Brezhnev announced during a speech in

East Germany last month, that the Soviet Union will withdraw without precondition 20,000 troops and 1,000 tanks from East German territory as a token of good will, but in the hope that NATO will refrain from modernizing its medium range missile pote-

Soviet officials have been quoted as saying the withdrawal has already begun.

Genscher said NATO does not want superiority over the Warsaw Pact, but balance of power which he said was currently In Bangladesh



Hans-Dietrich Genscher

threatened by Soviet SS-20 missiles

"We appeal to the East not to wors negotiating climate by threats and ti make untrustworthy the Brezhnev sp Genscher said.

He cautioned that threats and propa will, however, not keep NATO from everything the Western Alliance

necessary for its security. In Washington, U.S. officials said the will launch a major arms limitation in

next month.

NATO will spell out in detail propor limiting on both sides the level of long tactical nuclear weapons, the officials The offer to Moscow would be pal package which would also include N

expected decision to modernize its for deploying 572 U.S. Pershing-2 or cruit siles in five European countries. Officials in Washington were can optimistic that the decision to mod

would be made by NATO foreig defense ministers in Brussels Dec. 12 "We are on a very solid track too positive decision," a high ranking office a party of reporters.

Ruling party split continues Ohira, Fukuda fail to agree on choice of premier

WEDDING: A formal portrait taken at the wedding of Dwight D, Eisenhower to Mamie

Doud in 1916. Virs. Eisenhower, widow of the late U.S. president, died Thursday in

'Patriot, devoted wife'

Mamie lauded at Kansas funeral

Washington and was buried next to her husband Saturday.

ABILENE, Kansas Nov. 4 (AP) -

Mamie Doud Eisenhower was huried

beside her beloved Ike Saturday in this

small Kansas town where his long road to

Mrs. Eisenhower died Thursday in

Her body was brought to a crypt in the

Eisenhower Center's place of meditation

where ber husband, Dwight D.

Eisenhower, the 34th President of the

United States, was buried on April 6,

The service was attended by about 35

family friends and relatives. Among them

were former U.S. President Richard M.

Nixon and his wife Pat, and daughter Julie

Nixon Eisenbower. She is married to

Washington of heart failure at the age of

glory began.

1969.

TOKYO, Nov. 4(R) — Efforts by Japan's ruling party to find a single candidate for prime minister failed Sunday after two hours of heated talks, Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) negotiators said.

Leaders of the factions have agreed to meet again in a bid to head off a threatened breakup of the party that has governed Japan

Outgoing Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira, chosen as an LDP candidate at a party caucus last Friday, told reporters Sunday things are moving towards an inevitable

"But efforts should be continued to the last moment to avert the breakup of the party. Asked if he would seek cooperation of opposition parties in the event of a run-off election, the 69-year-old prime minister said "that is not in my mind now."

Ohira's rival, former Premier Takeo Fukuda 74, said Saturday it was too late for talking. Fukuda, who lost to Ohira in last

December's LDP election, was also chosen as a candidate for prime minister in a separate caucus last Friday.

He is supported by the factions led by ex-



Mamie Eisenhower's grandson, David.

Eisenhower hrother.

history in her lifetime.

married nearly 53 years.

Also present was Dr. Milton

The Rev. Robert Makaskill, pastor of

the Gettyshurg, Pennsylvania Pre-

shyterian church which Mrs. Eisenbower

had attended in recent years, described

her in the private service as a woman of

He said she was a patriot, a devoted wife

The minister quoted lke as saying to his

bride at their wedding on July 1, 1919: "It

will be only once for you, I know, Mamie.

so we'd better do it right." They were

and mother, a woman who had seen much

"simple, direct uncomplicated faith."

Eisenhower, the only surviving

Takeo Fukuda

Premier Takeo Miki, former Defense Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone and former Agricul-

ture Minister Ichiro Nakagawa. They have been demanding that Ohira resign to take responsibility for the LDP's set-

back in the October 7 general election. The party won 248 seats in the 511-seat lower house, one less than at dissolution. With recruitment of convervative independents, the LDP now commands 257 seats. Ohira, backed by the faction led by former Premier Kakuei Tanaka, currently on trial for his alleged part in the 1976 Lockheed payoff scandal, says be feels responsibility but should not resign.

The pro-Ohira bloc claimed it had

already won more than 130 supporters, exceeding a majority of the lower house LDP

The Fukuda camp was also confident their candidate would beat Ohira by a margin of three or four votes in the first ballot. Each opposition party plans to field its

chairman as a candidate for prime minister, If nobody gets a majority in the first ballot - as is likely to be the case - a run-off election will be held between the two biggest vote-getters.

Party, with 106 seats, called on five other opposition parties, including the Communist and anti-Communists, to vote for its chairman, but the offer was rejected. Ryosakn Sasaki, chairman of the right wing Democratic Socialist Party, implied Saturday

that his party might Join a coulinon govern-

ment if the LDP formally broke up.

The major opposition Japan Socialist

Scores missing in river collision

DACCA, Nov. 4 (Agencies) - A cargo ship slammed into a crowded river launch carrying Muslims to a celebration and hundreds of people were feared drowned, the government-owned Bangladesh Times reported Sunday.

It said the accident occurred Friday night on a river near Khulna, 128 kilometers southwest of Dacca. Twelve bodies were reported recovered

but hundreds of people were missing. In the United States, the Coast Guard ceased active sea and air rescue operations Saturday for 27 crewmen missing from the tanker Burmak Agate which was still hurning and pouring oil into the water near the entrance to the Galveston Ship Channel.

The ship, a 772-foot Liberian tanker carrying 400,000 harrels of crude oil and another Liberian vessel, Minnosa, collided in the predawn hours Thursday. Meanwhile, all 25 Indonesian and Hong

Kong crew from the Panamanian freighter Hoi On have been rescued from rafts in the South China Sea after the sank, the owner's Hong Kong agents said Sunday. A government Spokesman said the 1,997-

ton vessel sank after sending out a distress call from a position about 300 miles southsouthwest of Hong Kong.

